



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-I / Annual Examination Practice Paper-I

कक्षा/Class : 5 अवधि / Duration : 3 Hrs
विषय/Subject : ENGLISH अधिकतम अंक/Maximum Marks : 80

Section A – Reading (20 marks)

A1. Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions. (5)

Gulliver, a sailor, was once caught by a giant. The giant looked at him with curiosity. He took him to his house and placed him on the dining table which was thirty feet high from the floor. The giant's wife crumbled some bread and placed it before Gulliver. Then entered the giant's one year old son in the arms of a lady. On seeing Gulliver, the child grabbed him from the table and put his head into his mouth. Gulliver shouted so loudly that the baby dropped him. He would have broken his head if the mother had not put her apron under him.

a) Complete the following sentence.

The giant's wife _____
before Gulliver.

b) Where did the giant place the Gulliver?

_____ .

c) What did the child do Gulliver?

_____ .

d) Write the similar word

A piece of clothing worn over the front of the body _____.

e) Write the antonym of the following word.

Picked _____

A2. Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions. (5)

Once upon a time, not so very long ago, there was a small boy called Hari. Although he wasn't very big, he was strong, and he loved to tease all the boys and girls who went to school with him. What he loved to do most was to pinch. He could make a big bruise appear in half a second. Another trick he played was pricking people with a pin. So you can guess how all the children hated him. They tried pinching him back, but that was not good, because he could always pinch harder.

Answer the following questions.

- a) The another trick that Hari played was _____.
- b) He loved to tease _____ with him.
- c) Write the antonym of the word appear _____.
(by using un / dis / im)
- d) Injury by blow to body _____ (Give the similar word from the passage)
- e) Why did all the children hate Hari? Because, ____ (put a tick mark)
* He would not talk to anyone () *He always Pinched them ()

A3. Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions.

There was a child whose name was Roshan Lal. He lived in Panipat. His father's name was Mohan Lal who died when his son was very young. Roshan left his primary education due to his poor economic condition. After that, he decided to join a military school where no fees were charged. On the strength of his hard work, he became an officer in the army.

Due to having lots of difficulties in his life, he determined that no child would be deprived of his primary education. When he was 56 years old, he met a boy whose name was Rishabh. That boy was very skilled in running and jumping, but he had no parents. Roshan adopted that boy and made him an officer in the army.

A3.1 Answer the following questions. (4)

a) Who was the father of Roshan Lal?

_____ .

b) Where did Roshan Lal live?

_____ .

c) Which school did Roshan Lal join after the death of his father?

_____ .

d) Who did Roshan Lal meet at the age of 56?

_____ .

A3.2 Write true or False (2)

a) Rishab was very skilled in running and jumping. ()

b) Roshan Lal adopted the boy and made him an engineer. ()

A3.3 Fill in the blanks (2)

a) On the strength of his hard work Roshan Lal became _____ .

b) Roshan Lal left his primary education due to _____ .

A3.4 Find out from the passage (2)

a) Write the antonym of the word old _____

b) The word which means firm decision _____

Section B – Textual Questions (10 marks)

B1. Answer the following (2x4 = 8)

a) How did the king want to select their future king?

b) Why was the Sultan in a hurry?

c) Where have you seen crowds of people?

d) Where did the polar bear live with her family?

B2. Give reasons:

(1x2 = 2)

a) Gulliver could not climb the fence, because

b) The two children are nobody's friends, because

Section C – Creative Writing (10 marks)

C1. Write a notice about a library committee.

(5)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

C2. Write a paragraph on importance of reading books.

(5)

Section D – Grammar (15 marks)

D1. Fill in the blanks with suitable word (10)

- a) She found _____ empty bottle, floating in water. (a / an)
- b) The woman shouted _____. (hardly/loudly)
- c) Nobody wanted to sit _____ to Hari. (next / on)
- d) Her hands were as cold as _____. (hard / ice)
- e) When I met my aunt, she _____ the plants.
(was watering / is watering)
- f) The child looked up at the _____ of stars. (cluster / choir)
- g) The full form of won't is _____. (would not / will not)
- h) We will reach the station on time _____ we go by the car. (but /if)
- i) Yesterday my mother _____ me a beautiful dress for my birth day.
(buy / bought)
- j) Jane and John are friends. _____ are going to visit a zoo.
(We/ They)

D2. Fill in the blanks appropriately by using “intelligent”. (3)

- a) Ajay is _____ .
- b) Smith is _____ than Ajay.
- c) Joe is the _____ of all.

D3. Rewrite the sentence by adding “less” to the word.

The children are ___ (home) because they are orphans. (1)

D4. Punctuate the sentence. (1)

wasn't geetha born on the 10th may 1980

Section E – Vocabulary (10 marks)

E1. Give one word of the following (2)

a) Make public _____.

b) Someone who talks a lot _____.

E2. Write the words that rhyme with (2)

a) drain _____

b) prawn _____

E3. Give the synonym of the given words (2)

a) winner _____

b) elevator _____

E4. Write the antonyms of the given words (2)

a) quiet _____

b) punish _____

E5. Rearrange to make meaningful sentence (1)

never / I/ that/ you/ were / knew /generous / so .

E6. Make meaningful sentence (1)

excited _____

Section F – Spellings (10 marks)

F1. The following words are jumbled. Rearrange the letters and make meaningful words. (2)

a) acreutres _____

b) paleusre _____

F2. Write the correct word by using the clue. (2)

a) A fault d__ fe__t

b) Land with no vegetation- b__ r __en

F3. Encircle the words which are correctly spelt. (3)

a) exshauted exhausted exhasted

b) competetion compitition competition

c) wonderful wanderful wonderfull

F4. Write the misspelt words correctly (3)

a) supris – _____

b) opinin – _____

c) genros – _____

Section G – Handwriting (5 marks)

Rewrite the paragraph in neat hand writing:

Once upon a time in a green forest, there lived a wise fox and a kind rabbit. They were good friends. One day the rabbit saw delicious carrots across a flowing river. The rabbit thought to get the carrots anyway. He wanted to share what he found with the fox, so he asked the fox for help. The fox agreed to help. The rabbit sat on the fox's back and they set off towards the river. When they reached the middle of the river, the fox got an idea. Greed overcomes him, "Why should I share the carrots? I can eat them myself!". With a sudden jerk, the jackal threw the rabbit off his back into the river. The rabbit managed to reach the other side.

The rabbit sadly said to the fox, "My friend, I trusted you. You deceived me, but remember, kindness is worth more than carrots." Realizing his mistake, the fox felt guilty. He apologizes to the rabbit and they both cherished their friendship and understood that selfishness can destroy even the strongest bonds.

Moral : Kindness and trust are more valuable than any selfish desire.

Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-II / Annual Examination Practice Paper-II

Class: V

Time: 3 Hours

Subject: English

Marks: 80

SECTION A : (Reading- 20 marks)

A1. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

On the 16th of June 1730 we discovered land. Our captain sent a dozen men with vessels for water, if any could be found. When we came to land we saw no river or spring nor any inhabitants. I went on to explore. The country was barren and rocky.

I turned back to join the crew, only to see them getting into the boat and rowing for life to get to the ship. Before I could reach them, I observed a huge creature walking after them in the sea as fast as he could. The water of the ocean reached only till his knees! However the monster was unable to overtake the speeding boat.

A1.1 Write the correct answer in the blanks.

(1 x 5 = 5 marks)

i) The captain sent a dozen men with vessels for _____.

ii) In the passage, 'I' stands for _____ (captain / Gulliver)

iii) The country was _____ and _____

iv) Find a word from the passage which means '**land with no vegetation**' -

v) The men rushed back to the ship because a huge creature was walking
_____.

A2. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Once there was a small boy called Hari. He pinched all the children, so all the children hated him. One day all the children went for a picnic to the seaside for a whole day. But nobody wanted to sit next to Hari because he always pinched. So he was angry. He went to a sandy corner near a rocky pool and sat by himself. He saw a monster crab walking sideways out of the pool. The crab opened his pincers and nipped his hand so hard that the little boy yelled.

Page-2

A2.1 Answer the following questions in one word. (1 x 5 = 5 marks)

1. What was the name of the small boy?

2. Where did all the children go one day?

3. Why did all the children hate Hari?

4. Write the opposite of hate?

5. Write the plural form of 'child'. _____

A3. Read the following story and answer the questions given below.

Once in a small town, there lived a man named Karim. He used to sell caps in all nearby towns and villages. One day he decided to go to the next village to sell his caps in the village market. As he walked a long distance, he felt tired so he decided to take a rest under a tree for some time. Putting his basket beside him, he started napping. There

were many monkeys on the tree. One of them came down, and upon seeing the caps, he whistled. All the other monkeys responded to his whistle. One by one, they took away all the caps from the cap seller's basket. Everyone wore the caps and started playing happily.

When the cap seller woke up, he was shocked to see his basket empty. He searched for his caps everywhere. To his surprise, he saw the monkeys up on the tree wearing them. He tried various ways to get his caps back.. He then raised his hands in anger, shouting at them to return the caps. The monkeys too raised their hands and started shouting.

Page-3

Finally, he got frustrated. He removed his own cap and threw it on the ground. Seeing this, the monkeys also repeated the same. He realized that monkeys love to imitate. The cap seller quickly collected all the caps, placed them back in his basket and went away happily.

A3.1 Tick the correct answer and write it in the space provided. (1 x 4 = 4)

- 1) The cap seller decided to go the next village to _____
 - a) buy caps from the village market
 - b) meet his friends in the village market.
 - c) sell his toys in the village market.
 - d) sell his caps in the village market.

- 2) When the cap seller woke up, he was shocked because _____
 - a) the basket was full of colourful caps.
 - b) the basket was disappeared.
 - c) the basket was taken by monkeys.
 - d) there was no cap in the basket.

- 3) The monkeys returned the caps. It happened because of _____
 - a) request
 - b) excitement
 - c) imitation
 - d) frustration

- 4) The cap seller lived in a _____.
 - a) village
 - b) small town
 - c) city
 - d) metro city

A3.2 Complete the following sentences.

(1 x 3 = 3)

- a) There were many _____.
- b) The cap seller took a nap because he _____
- c) After getting frustrated, the cap seller removed his own cap and _____.

Page-4

A3.3 Find from the passage above:

(1 x 3 = 3)

- a) Write the name of the cap seller - _____
- b) A word that means 'a short sleep especially during the day' - _____
- c) Complete the word for 'to copy somebody' - i _ _ t _ t _

SECTION B (Textual Questions- 10 Marks)

B1. Fill in the blanks correctly.

(1 x 2= 2 marks)

- i) _____ was the name of a polar bear.
- ii) People walk upon their _____ in Topsy-turvy land.

B2. Answer the following.

(2 x 4= 8 marks)

- 1. Why did the people of Kangleipak love their Ningthou and Leima?

2. How many brothers did the Barber have? Write the name of any two brothers.

3. What activity was going on in the classroom? Who was silent?

Page-5

4. Did the boy share his toffee and tricycle with others? What are the things the girl doesn't want to share?

SECTION C (Creative Writing- 10 Marks)

C1. Using the key words in the bracket, write a detailed character sketch of

Malu Bhalu.

(5 marks)

**(brave strong eager to learn more impatient female clever
young fearless bold)**

C2. Look at the picture and write a paragraph about it.

(5 marks)



SECTION D (Grammar – 15 Marks)

D1. Do as directed:

D1.1 Aman was doing his homework when _____

- a. his mother asked him for a help. (1 mark)
- b. his mother has asked him for a help.
- c. his mother was asking him for a help.

D1.2 Rita invited all the children . (1 mark)

(Rewrite using suitable words (him//he/them/she) instead of underlined words.)

D1.3 The _____ sang beautifully. (group/choir) (1 mark)

D1.4 The hunter saw the _____ of pigeons. (flock/litter) (1 mark)

D1.5 Write the past tense of 'obey' - _____ (1 mark)

D1.6 Fill in the blanks with suitable joining words like **so, but, and**
(2 marks)

Raju _____ Ravi ran fast, _____ they missed the bus.

D1.7 _____ was one by and all loved she (1 mark)

(Arrange the words to make a meaningful sentence)

D1.8 The boy was as _____ as a bamboo. (tall/ taller/ tallest) (1 mark)

D1.9 Hina's frock is pretty.
Rita's frock is prettier than Hina's frock.
Mona's frock is the _____ of them all.

(Fill in the blanks with suitable word)

D1.10 werent you born on 25th august 1996 (1 mark)

Page-8

(Punctuate the sentence and write it again)

D1.11 Read the given sentence and write the **no** word in the space given. (1 mark)

She was nowhere around. _____

D1.12 They celebrated Christmas _____. (merry) (1 mark)

(Add -ly to the word and write in the blank.)

D1.13 Write a word ending with -less. (1 mark)

D1.14 Rohit is _____ popular player but Mohan is _____ unpopular player. (1 mark)

Choose the correct from the bracket and write in the blanks an/a/ the)

SECTION E (Vocabulary – 10 Mark)

E1 Match the following words with their meanings.

(1x 4 = 4 Marks)

exhausted

upside down

topsy-turvy

tired and fed up

crumbled

underground passage for people to cross

subway

broken into pieces

Page-9

E2. Add the correct prefix to the words given in the bracket.

[im, re, dis, un]

(1x 2= 2 marks)

1. Jack_____the gifts. (wrapped)

2. We should not drink_____water. (pure)

E3. Write the word which rhymes with the word given.

(1x1= 1 mark)

Train - _____

E4. Write the opposite of the word given:

(1x 1= 1 mark)

below _____

E5. Give the full form of : shan't - _____

(1x1= 1 mark)

E6. Renu lends her book to her partner.

(1x1=1 mark)

It indicates that she is _____

(studious/generous)

SECTION F (Spellings – 10 Marks)

F1. Rewrite the following sentences with the opposites of the underlined words:

(1 x 2 = 2)

a) Everything around me looked different.

b) He always comes late.

Page-10

F2. Rearrange the following to make proper words.

(1 x 3 = 3)

i) ape par _____

ii) Ipmortnat _____

iii) psosb i le _____

F3. Fill in the blanks with missing letters.

(1 x 2 = 2)

a) You are acting hast___ly in this matter.

b) The farmer's wife cr___mbled some bread.

F4. Circle the correct word.

(1 x 3 = 3)

inhabitant

unhabitant

inhebitant

inhabitent

horred

horrid

horrud

horride

elevetors

elevaters

elevators

elivators

Section G (Handwriting – 5 Marks)

A stag was drinking water at a stream. He saw his reflection in the clear water. He felt very proud of his big horns. He said to himself, "How beautiful my horns are!" but then he looked at his thin legs. He felt ashamed that his legs were so thin and ugly. He said to himself, "How ugly my legs are!"



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

Atomic Energy Education Societ

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-III / Annual Examination Practice Paper-III

कक्षा/Class : V

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hrs

विषय/Subject : English

अधिकतम अंक/Maximum Marks : 80

Section A – Reading (20 marks)

A.1 Read the passage and answer the following questions.

1 X 10 = 10

Probably the most important of all man's invention after the invention of language itself was the invention of writing. Writing makes it possible for people to keep in touch with one another even if they are far away from one another, and for knowledge to be handed down the years. Libraries full of books are our great storehouses of knowledge. Without books, men's knowledge is limited to such facts as they are able to keep their memories. Early societies had their own systems of writing, this was used in China, Persia, Mexico and Peru. Knots of coloured cords were made on sticks. When a knot was made, near the stick, this was the sign that what was being said was especially important. While reading a letter in a knot writing a person had to take into account how thick the cord was and what sort of a knot was made. A black cord was the sign of death; a white cord was used for peace, a red cord for war, a yellow cord for gold and a green cord for grain.

A.1.1 Choose the correct answer and complete the sentences.

1. _____ was the most important invention after the invention of language.

a) Reading

b) Writing

c) Listening

d) Speaking

2. _____ of books are our great storehouses.

a) Courts

b) Laboratories

c) Libraries

d) Offices

3. _____ is the best way for knowledge to be handed down the years.

a) Reading

b) Writing

c) Listening

d) Speaking

4) Without _____, men's knowledge is limited as their memories.

a) television

b) phones

c) books

d) movies

5) The red knot symbolizes for _____.

a) peace

b) war

c) gold

d) grain

6) The white knot symbolizes for _____.

a) peace

b) war

c) gold

d) grain

7) The knots of coloured cords were made on _____.

a) paper

b) sticks

c) shirts

d) sword

A.1.2 Complete the following sentence.

While reading a letter in knot writing it was important for a person to take into account _____

_____.

A.1.3. Write the synonym of: (from the paragraph)

a) String : _____

A.1.4. Write the antonym of: (from the paragraph)

a) Late: _____

A.2 Read the passage and answer the following questions.

1 X 5 = 5

In the city of Cashgar, lived a barber who was a great talker. Once the Sultan called the Barber to shave his head. The barber started talking non-stop instead of shaving him. The Sultan got angry. "When are you going to stop talking and begin to-do your work?" The Barber replied, "You do me an injury by calling

me a chatterer. For, everyone says I am very quiet. I have six brothers whom you might call chatterers.

A.2.1 Answer the following questions.

1. How many brothers did the Barber have?

2. Where did the Barber live?

3. Why did the Sultan call the Barber?

A.2.2 Give one word for the following. (from the paragraph)

1. A person who talks a lot. - _____

2. A person who cuts our hair. - _____

A.3 Read the passage and answer the following questions.

1 X 5 = 5

On the 16th of June 1730 we discovered land. Our captain sent a dozen men with vessels for water, if any could be found. When we came to land we saw no river or spring nor any inhabitants. I went on to explore. The country was barren and rocky. I turned back to join the crew, only to see them getting into the boat and rowing for life to get to the ship.

A.3.1. Fill in the blanks.

a) The land was discovered on _____ of June 1730.

b) The captain sent the men to get some _____.

c) The country was barren and _____.

d) The other word for the word “occupant” in the paragraph is _____.

e) The word for the phrase ‘a land with no vegetation’ in this paragraph is _____.

Section B- Textual questions (10 marks)

B.1 Answer the following questions.

1X 2 = 2

1. Who was the quiet one in the poem “Class Discussion”?

2. Name the place in Manipur where the Ningthou and Leima ruled?

B.2 Answer the following questions. 2 X 4 = 8

1. How did the king want to select their future king?

2. In the poem Topsy-turvy Land, if buses travel on the sea then where do the boats travel? How should it rightly be?

3. Why are the two children nobody's friend?

4. Why did the men rush back to the ship?

Section – C –Creative Writing (10 marks)

C.1 Write a notice informing students about a “Drawing Competition” to be held on 5th April 2024. 1 X 5 = 5

C.2 Complete the following conversation.

1 X 5 = 5

Mother : What are you doing ?

Radha : _____

Mother : Can you help me in the kitchen after completing your homework?

Radha: _____

Mother :Thankyou. Which subject's homework are you doing?

Radha : _____

Mother: Can I help you in completing your English homework?

Radha : _____

Mother : Why don't you want my help?

Radha : _____

Mother: It's good that you can do your homework on your own.

Section D- Grammar (15 marks)

D.1.Choose the correct answer.

1 X 4 =4

1. We should give her _____ beautiful frock as birthday gift. (a / an)
2. He is as busy as _____ as a bee.(sweet / busy)
3. I _____ late to school yesterday.(come / came)
4. We just crossed a _____ of trees. (cluster/ clump)

D.2 .Fill in the blanks.

1 X 5 = 5

1. It is common to have five fingers in one hand but _____ to have six fingers in one hand. (uncommon / discommon)

2. Raja brought mangoes from the market. _____ mother praised him.
(His / Her)
3. You may take a bus _____ go by car. (so/or)
4. The house _____ he lives is beautiful. (while / where)
5. The full form of won't is _____. (will not / would not)

D.3 Complete the following using the word “heavy”. 1 X 2 = 2

1. The bag full of wheat is _____ than the bag full of cotton.
2. The bag full of iron is the _____ of all.

D.4 Punctuate the sentence and rewrite. 1 X 1 = 1

1. can i have peanuts cookies and juice for breakfast

D.5 Complete the sentence. 1 X 1 = 1

1. I was walking on the road when _____

D.6 Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences. 1 X 1 = 1

1. children / excited / were / all / most / the .

D.7 Write a word ending in – ly which denote how something is done. 1 X 1 = 1

1. _____

Section – E- Vocabulary (10 marks)

E.1 Give one word for the following. 1 X 5 = 5

1. talking together in a group on a single topic - _____

2. to look at something very carefully- _____

3. what a person feels about a person ,thing or subject – _____

4. an underground passage for people to cross - _____

5. long hair on the neck of some animals - _____

E.2 Write the opposites of the following using un-,im-,dis.

1 X 3 = 3

1.pleasure - _____

2. shaved - _____

3. perfect - _____

E.3. Write two words ending with – less.

1 X 2 = 2

1. _____

2. _____

Section –F – Spelling (10 marks)

F.1.Circle the correct spelling from the following options.

1 X 5 = 5

1. inhabitants inhbaitanats inhabitnants

2. excitement excitement excitiment

3. hoarse hoarsa horasse

4. pincers pinsers pinzers

5. lauguage language language

F.2.Unjumble the jumbled letters.

1 X 5 = 5

1. e x c m i a l - _____

2. b r i u e s - _____

3. g r p m y u - _____

4. s u y b w a - _____

5. b a r y e l - _____

Section- G – Handwriting (5 marks)

G.1 Write the following passage in a neat handwriting.

1 X 5 = 5

Moral values are the good values that are taught to us by our parents and teachers. They govern our behaviour so they should be instilled in us right from our young age. They help us to distinguish between what's right and wrong, good or bad for us and also for the society. Moral values such as integrity, determination, and loyalty, honesty, giving respect to others, being kind, truthful and sincere, sticking to your moral and ethical principles and values and being considerate should be inherited by every individual living in the society.



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-I / Annual Examination Practice Paper-I

कक्षा / Class : V

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hours

विषय / Subject : EVS

अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION A

OBSERVATION AND REPORTING - (30 Marks)

1. Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks. (1 × 5 = 5)

- a) The place where petroleum is cleaned and processed is called _____ . (refinery / mill)
- b) _____ means jungle in Kuduk language. (Torang / Lekha)
- c) Gregor Mendel conducted experiments on _____ plants.
(bajra / pea)
- d) The _____ movement of the paper snake shows that hot air flows upwards. (clockwise / anti-clockwise)
- e) _____ is called a cold desert. (Mumbai / Leh)

2. Observe the picture and answer the following. (2 × 5 = 10)



a)

i) What is the boat called ?

ii) Where is it found ?



b)

i) What is this dance called ?

ii) In which state is this dance famous ?



c)

i) Name the natural calamity shown in the picture?

ii) When did this calamity occur in Bhuj ? (Mention the date and year)



d)

i) Name the things shown in the picture.

ii) What are they used for ?



e)

i) What is the man in the picture spraying ?

ii) Why is he doing so ?

3. Match the following

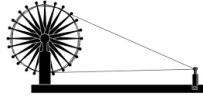
(1 × 5 = 5)



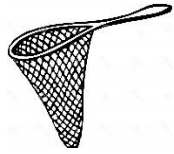
spinning thread



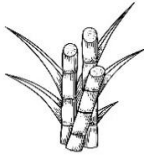
for fishing



making sugar



hearing heartbeat



crushing

4. Fill in the blanks

(1 × 5 = 5)

- a) Changthang is at a height of almost _____ metres.
- b) The people of Sinduri called the people of Khedi as _____.
- c) Sweet rotis made from jaggery and gram are called _____.
- d) _____ is the sarpanch of Jasma's village.
- e) The actual name of Bacchu Khan is _____.

5. What is Undhiya? How is it prepared ?

(5 × 1 = 5)

SECTION B

IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION - (25 MARKS)

6. Answer in one word **(1 × 5 = 5)**

- a) An agent for sugarcane factories - _____
- b) A person who trains the players in games - _____
- c) A project which tells extraordinary tales of ordinary girls, who have changed their lives after going to school - _____
- d) The person under whose's leadership the constitution of India was prepared - _____
- e) The tent of changpas - _____

7. Circle the odd one **(1 × 5 = 5)**

- a) Cotton Wheat Maize Bajra
- b) Petrol Diesel Kerosene Refinery
- c) Flood Famine Dam Drought
- d) Basket ball Kabbadi Volley ball Cricket
- e) Cleaning Teaching Sweeping Rag-picking

8. Answer the following questions **(2 × 5 = 10)**

- a) Suggest some ways to save oil.

b) How does the air from our mouth help in cleaning spectacles ?

c) What do you understand by 'gender bias' ?

d) What is similar between Saroja and Suvasini ? What is different ?

e) What is "Right to Forest Act 2007" ?

9. Write a short note on Pashmina shawl . (75 – 100 words) (5 × 1 = 5)

SECTION C

DISCOVERY OF FACTS – (25 MARKS)

10. Give two examples of each (1 × 6 = 6)

a) Things obtained from petroleum

_____ , _____

b) Traits that we acquire from our parents

_____ , _____

c) Soothing sounds in Khedi village

_____ , _____

d) Musical instruments played by blowing air into them

_____ , _____

e) Qualities that make a team strong

_____ , _____

f) Festivals related to farming.

_____ , _____

11. State whether True or False. (1 × 4= 4)

- a) Mami wants Dhanu to study and become somebody in life. ()
- b) If there is no rain, crops can fail and there can be drought. ()
- c) Twins who look different are called identical twins. ()
- d) A barrier build across a river is called a dam. ()

12. Write the full form of the following (2)

CNG _____

NBA _____

13. Write what we should do in case of an earthquake. (2)

14. Give Reasons (2 × 3 = 6)

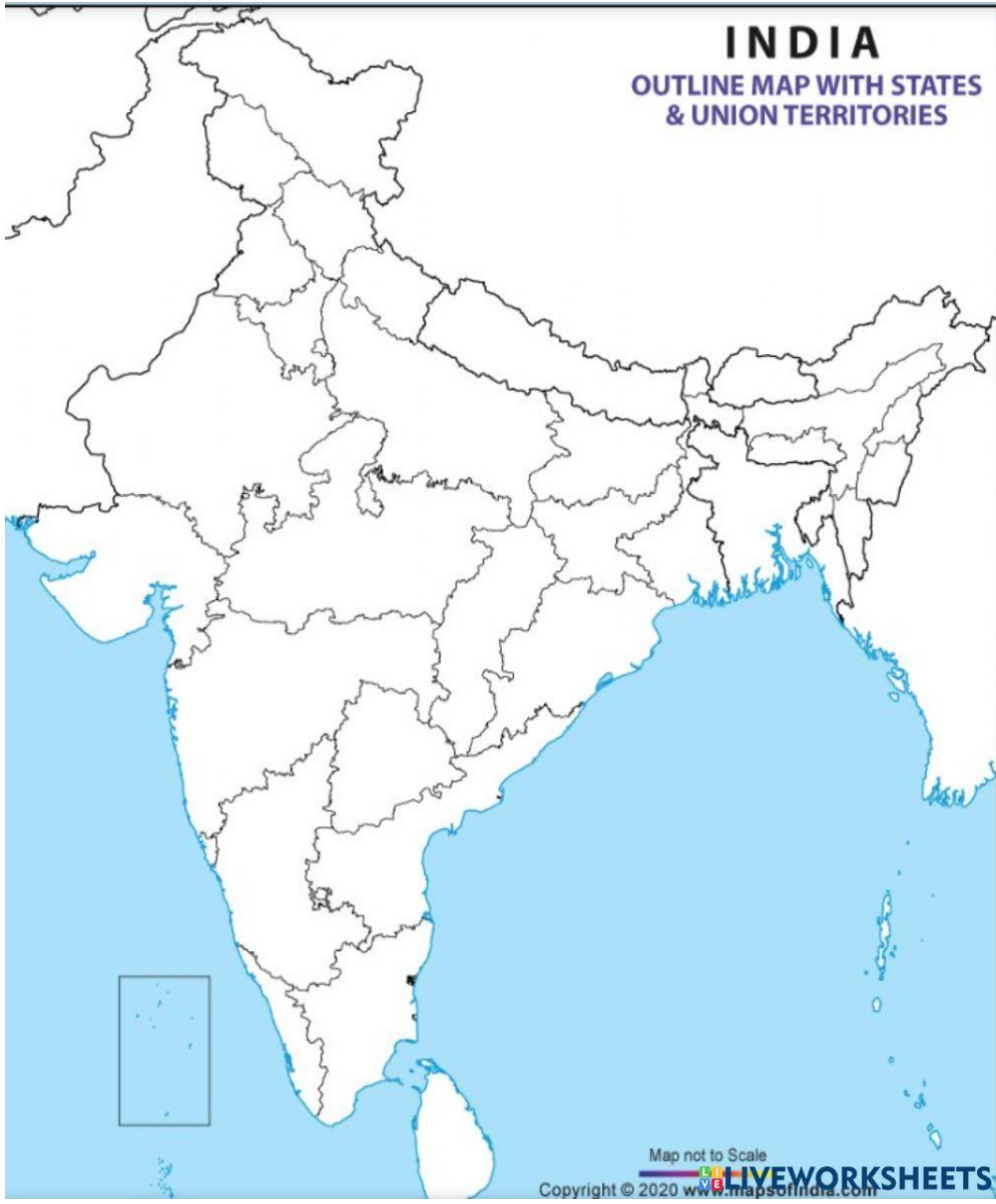
a) Suryamani says, “ If the forests are not there, we too will not remain.”

b) Earthworms are called soil’s best friends.

c) We should use petrol and diesel judiciously.

15. Mark the following states on the map of India (5)

- a) The state in which Manali is located _____
- b) The state in which Sabarmati Ashram is located. _____
- c) The state where Suryamani worked for adivasis _____
- d) The state in which Mumbai is located _____
- e) The state in which Suvasini stays _____





परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-II / Annual Examination Practice Paper-II

कक्षा / Class : V

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hours

विषय / Subject : EVS

अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION - A

OBSERVATION AND REPORTING (30 Marks)

1. Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks. (1X5=5)
 - a. _____ are sweet made from jaggery and gram. (jalebi/ puranpoli)
 - b. Polio is a disease caused by _____. (virus/ bacteria)
 - c. The air, we breathe out contains _____. (moisture/dust)
 - d. To clean oil found deep down in the earth, it is sent to _____. (refinery/ depot)
 - e. 'Jule' means _____ in the language of Changpas. (thank you/ welcome)
2. Observe the picture and answer the following questions. (2X5=10)



a.

i. Name the sport that is being played by girls in the picture.

ii. How many players are there in a team of this game?



b.

i. It is used by whom?

ii. For what purpose is it used?



c.

i. Which natural calamity is shown in the picture?

ii. Which states in India are often affected by this calamity?



d.

i. What is shown in the picture?

ii. Which tribe make this tent?



e.

i. What is shown in the picture?

ii. How long does it take to make one of these?

3. Circle the odd one out.

(1X5=5)

a. kerosene

diesel

LPG

CNG

- | | | | |
|------------|--------|----------|------------|
| b. Ladakh | Manali | Delhi | Srinagar |
| c. war | flood | cyclone | drought |
| d. cricket | chess | football | basketball |
| e. maize | rice | wheat | sugarcane |

4. Match the following. (1X5=5)

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a. forest | (i) fought against untouchability |
| b. Jhoom farming | (ii) Torang |
| c. Gandhi Ji | (iii) Mizoram |
| d. Gregor Mendel | (iv) scarcity of food and water |
| e. famine | (v) Father of Genetics |

5. Write five safety measures to be taken during Earthquake. (5)

SECTION B

IDENTIFYING GROUP AND CLASSIFICATION (25 MARKS)

6. Answer the following questions in one word. (1X5=5)

- a. Head of the village panchayat- _____
- b. The main crop of Mizoram- _____

- c. A vaccination programme to eradicate polio from India- _____
- d. A special type of window which comes out of the wall- _____
- e. A project to identify the extraordinary stories of ordinary girls, who have changed their lives by going to school- _____

7. Give examples.

(1X5=5)

- a. Two things made of bamboo

- b. Two vehicle that do not need any fuel to run

- c. Two festivals related to farming

- d. Two indoor games

- e. Two tribes of Jammu and Kashmir

8. Give Reason.

(2X3=6)

- a. CNG is superior fuel to petrol.

- b. Earthworms are called 'soil's best friend.

c. We see drops of water on your bathroom mirrors when you take a hot shower in winter.

9. Write the two differences in the life of Bakarwal people and the life of the Changpas. (2)

Bakarwals	Changpas

10. Write the two differences between Saroja and Suvasini.

(2)

Saroja	Suvasini

11. Write a short note on Pashmina shawl.

(5)

SECTION C

DISCOVERY OF FACTS (25 marks)

12. Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks.

(1X5=5)

a. Mukadam was _____.

- (i) a farmer
- (ii) a sugarcane factory owner
- (iii) an agent who lends money
- (iv) a banker

b. Identical twins are _____.

- (i) Children who look alike and are from same mother.
- (ii) Children that are born from different mothers
- (iii) All siblings
- (iv) None of these

c. Kuduk is a _____.

- (i) Name of the forest
- (ii) Place
- (iii) Person's name
- (iv) language

d. In olden times good seeds were stored in dried.

- (i) brinjal
- (ii) gourd
- (iii) bitter gourd
- (iv) cucumber

e. Who was the coach of the NBA team?

(i) Bacchu Khan

(iii) Mustafa Khan c

(ii) Noor Khan

(iv) None of these

13. Answer the following questions.

(2X5=10)

a. List two benefits of playing games.

b. Write any two difficulties faced by the people doing cleaning job?

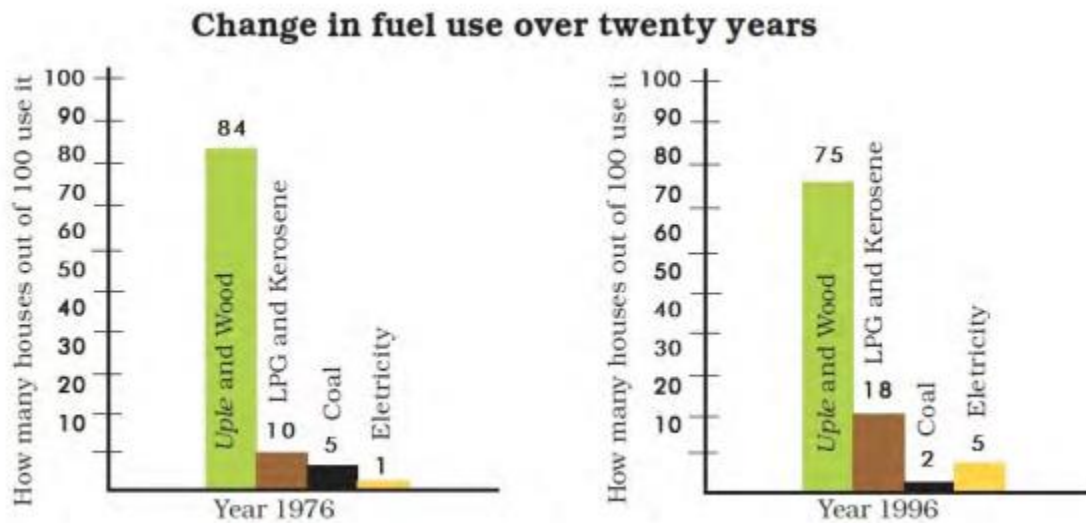
c. Suggest two ways to save oil?

d. How cutting down the trees effect the environment?

e. Name any two characters/ traits that can be inherited?

14. Look at the following bar charts and answer the questions that follows.

(1X5=5)



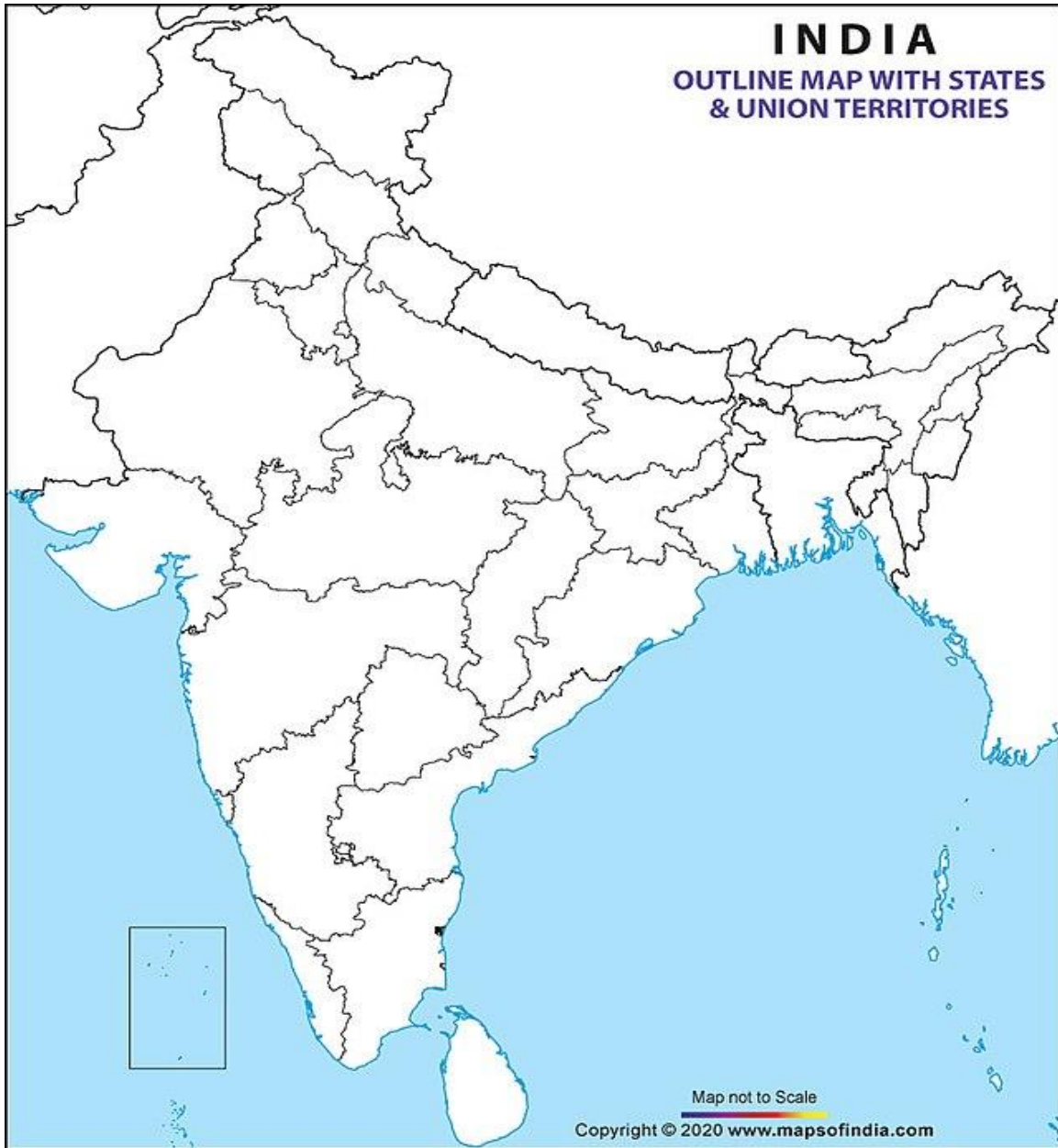
- a. In 1976 which fuel was used minimum? _____
- b. In 1996 which fuel was used maximum? _____
- c. In 1976, coal was used in how many houses? _____
- d. Consumption of which fuels has decreased from 1976 to 1996?

- e. Consumption of which fuels has increased from 1976 to 1996?

15. Name the states/union territory related to the following and locate the states on the outline political map of India. (1X5=5)

- a. Cold desert
- b. Gandhiji's Sabarmati Ashram

- c. Nagpada Basketball Association (NBA)
- d. Cheraw dance
- e. Khedi Village





परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-III / Annual Examination Practice Paper-III

कक्षा / Class : V

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hours

विषय / Subject : EVS

अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks : 80

OBSERVATION AND REPORTING (30 MARKS)

Q 1) Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks. (5 x 1 = 5)

- _____ is used for cooking in homes. (CNG / LPG)
- _____ is a renewable source of energy. (Solar / Petrol)
- _____ is also known as a 'cold desert'. (Changthang / Ladakh)
- The air blown from our mouth is _____ in winters. (warm / cool)
- Farmers in earlier times kept _____ leaves near seeds to protect them from insects. (Banyan / Neem)

Q 2) Observe the picture and answer the following. (5 x 2 = 10)

- (i) (a) Changpa people live in such tents.

What do they call their tents?



- (b) Why there is an opening in the tent?

Ans. _____

ii. a) Name the following sportswoman. _____



(b) Write the name of the sport with which she is associated.

iii. (a) Which natural calamity is shown in the picture?



(b) Which two states in India are often affected by this calamity?

iv. This is a stethoscope.

(a) It is used by _____

(b) For what purpose is it used? _____



v. (a) Name the following agriculture tool.

(b) Write the purpose for which it is used.



Q 3) Match the following

(5 x 1 = 5)

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| i. Upla | a. Mahanadi river |
| ii. Gregor mendel | b. Bhagirathi River |
| iii. Hirakund dam | c. Beautiful carving on wood |
| iv. Khatamband | d. Experiments with peas |
| v. Tehri | e. cow dung cake |

Q 4) Write 'T' for True and 'F' for False statements.

(5 x 1 = 5)

- i. Using public transport can reduce the level of pollution extent. ()
- ii. People of Sinduri were very friendly with Jatrya's family. ()
- iii. Our heart beats slowly after we run, skip or exercise. ()
- iv. In case of an earthquake we should go to an open area. ()
- v. Polio can be transferred from parents to their children. ()

Q 5) What is “Undhiya”? How is it prepared?

(5)

IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION (25 MARKS)

Q 6) Give any two examples of each. (5 x 2 = 10)

i. The vehicles which run using fuel –

ii. Natural disasters –

iii. Festivals related to farming –

iv. The musical instruments which are played by blowing air through them –

v. Team Sports –

Q 7) Answer the following. (4 x 1 = 4)

i. Where is Adalaj step well located?

ii. Which calamity occurred on 26th January, 2001 ?

iii. To which community did Suryamani belong?

iv. Name any two products obtained from petroleum.

Q 8) Give reasons:

(3 x 2 = 6)

i. In Mizoram carrying rice crop home takes many weeks.

ii. Roof is the most important part of the houses of Tashi.

iii. The earthworms are called 'soil's best friend'.

Q 9) Look at the pictures that show the journey of bajra seeds from field to plate . Few steps are written below, rewrite them in the correct sequence, from 1 to 5. (5 x 1=5)



a.



b.



c.



d.



e.

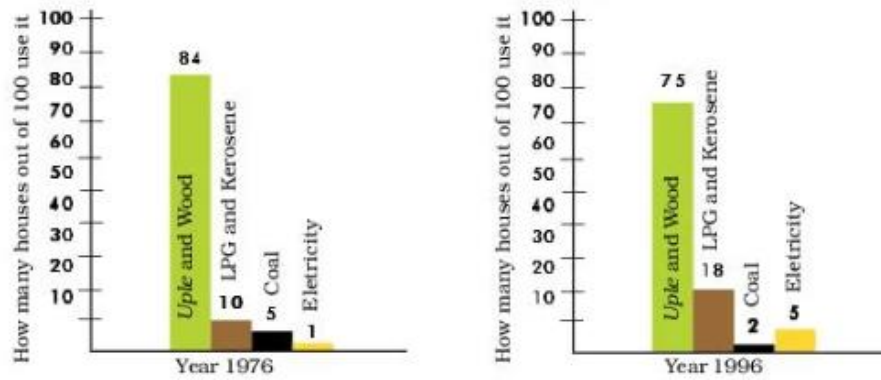
- a. Dough is made from bajra atta by putting some water in it. ()
- b. The bajra crop is cut from the field. ()
- c. Bajra seeds are separated from the cobs using mortar and pestle. ()
- d. Bajra roti is made using hands and baked on tawa. ()
- e. Grinding of bajra grains is done in the grinder. ()

- 1. _____
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____

DISCOVERY OF FACTS (25 MARKS)

Q 10) Look at the following bar charts and answer the questions that follows. (1 x 4 =4)

Change in fuel use over twenty years



- Which fuel was used the least in 1976? _____
- In 1996, use of LPG and kerosene was _____ (more / less) than in 1976.
- In 1996, out of 100, how many houses used Uple and Wood? _____
- What percentage of houses used coal in 1976? _____

Q 11) Forests give us many products. Circle any 6 products which are obtained from forests. (6 x ½ = 3)

- | | | | | |
|--------|-----------|----------|---------|-------------|
| Timber | Coins | Milk | Plastic | Paper |
| Bamboo | Wool | Herbs | Cotton | Wax |
| Spices | Polythene | Medicine | Rubber | Electricity |

Q 12) Draw 'Shikara' . (3)

Q 13) Answer the following questions in two or three sentences. (5 x 2 = 10)

- How can farming be done without rain?

ii. What is Pulse Polio?

iii. What is team spirit?

iv. How is life in the village different from that of big cities?

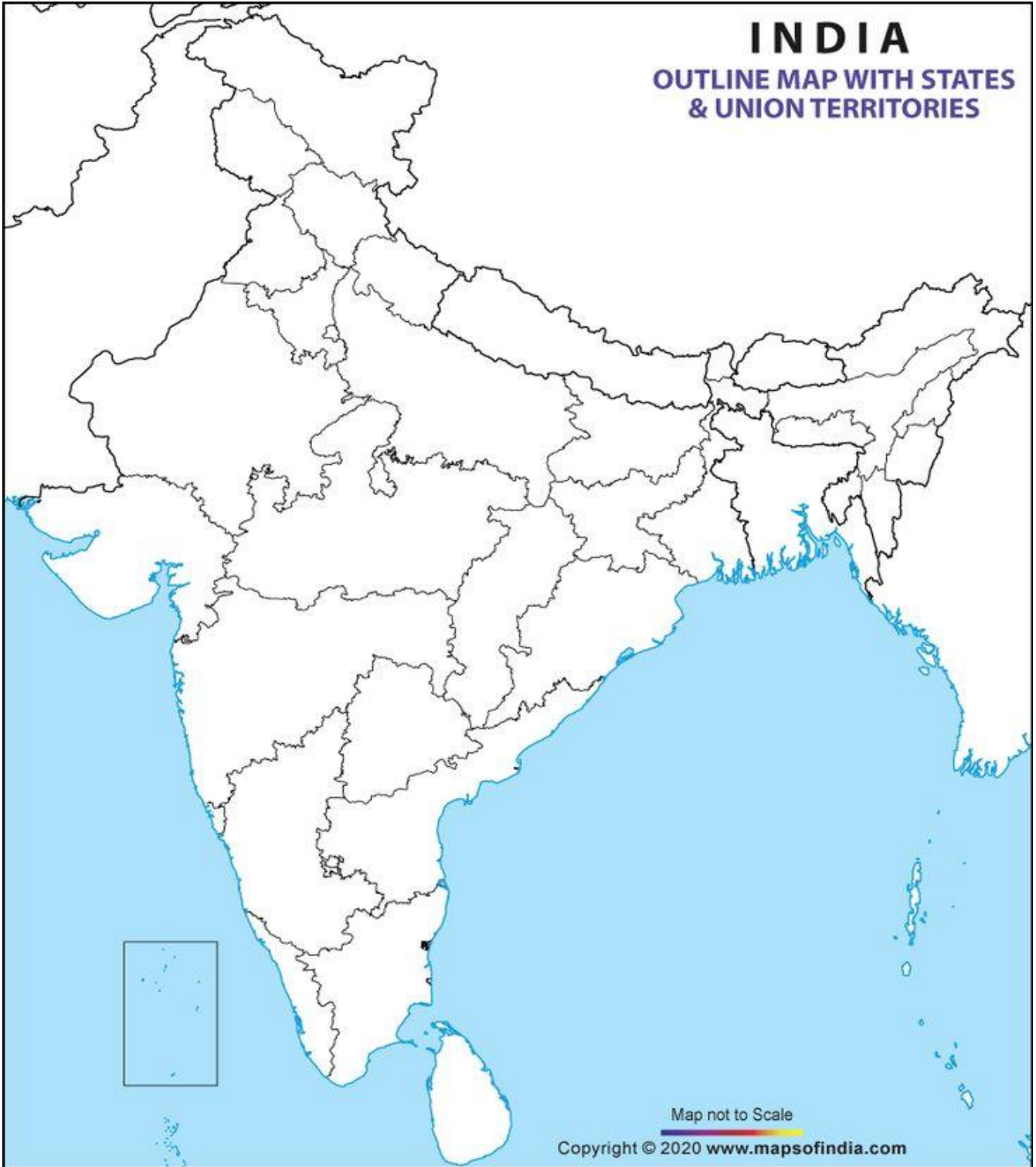
v. What is 'Torang'?

Q 14) Locate the following states on the map of India. (5 x 1=5)

- a) Mizoram b) Maharashtra c) Jharkhand d) Gujarat e) Ladakh

INDIA

OUTLINE MAP WITH STATES
& UNION TERRITORIES



Map not to Scale

Copyright © 2020 www.mapsofindia.com



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-I / Annual Examination Practice Paper-I

कक्षा/Class : 5(पाँचवी)

अवधि / Duration : 3 घंटे

विषय/Subject : हिंदी

अधिकतम अंक/Maximum Marks : 80

(पठन क्षमता पर आधारित प्रश्न)

प्रश्न 1 निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

इस बड़ी गलती की सज़ा अब हम सबको मिल रही है। गर्मी के दिनों में हमारे नल सूख जाते हैं और बरसात के दिनों में हमारी बस्तियाँ डूबने लगती हैं। इसीलिए यदि हमें अकाल और बाढ़ से बचना है तो अपने आस-पास के जलस्रोतों की तालाबों की और नदियों आदि की रखवाली अच्छे ढंग से करनी पड़ेगी। जल चक्र हम ठीक से समझें, जब बरसात हो तो उसे थाम लें, अपना भूजल भंडार सुरक्षित रखें, अपनी गुल्लक भरते रहें तभी हमें ज़रूरत के समय पानी की कोई कमी नहीं आएगी। यदि हमने जल चक्र का ठीक उपयोग नहीं किया तो हम पानी के चक्कर में फँसते चले जाएँगे।

क) यह गद्यांश किस पाठ से लिया गया है ? (1)

ख) यदि हमें अकाल और बाढ़ से बचना है तो क्या करना होगा ? (1)

ग) नीचे लिखे शब्द का बहुवचन लिखो। (1)

बस्ती -

घ) नीचे लिखे शब्द का समान तुक वाला शब्द लिखो। (1)

सज़ा -

ङ) नीचे लिखे शब्द का समान अर्थ वाला शब्द लिखो। (1)

बारिश =

प्रश्न 2 निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

चढ़ेगा जो फाँसी महरत है ऐसी,

न ऐसी महरत बनी बढ़िया जैसी।

वह राजा नहीं, चक्रवर्ती बनेगा,

यह संसार का छत्र उस पर तनेगा।

कहा राजा ने बात सच गर यही

गुरु का कथन, झूठ होता नहीं है।

कहा राजा ने फाँसी पर मैं चढ़ूँगा

इसी दम फाँसी पर मैं ही टँगूँगा।

चढ़ा फाँसी राजा बजा खूब बाजा

प्रजा खुश हुई जब मरा मूर्ख राजा

बजा खूब घर-घर बधाई का बाजा।

थी अंधेर नगरी, था अनबूझ राजा

क) कविता का यह अंश किस पाठ से लिया गया है ? पाठ का नाम लिखो । (1)

.....

ख) फाँसी पर कौन चढ़ा ? (1)

.....

ग) खाली जगह भरो | (1)

बजा खूब घर-घर का बाजा।

घ) नीचे लिखे शब्द का समान तुक वाला शब्द लिखो। (1)

राजा -

ङ) नीचे लिखे शब्द का विलोम शब्द लिखो | (1)

सच x

प्रश्न 3 निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए |

15 अगस्त, 1947 को भारत स्वतंत्र हुआ। इसी खुशी में हम हर वर्ष 15 अगस्त को स्वतंत्रता दिवस के रूप में मनाते हैं। यह दिवस हमारा राष्ट्रीय पर्व है। हमारे अन्य राष्ट्रीय पर्व हैं- गणतंत्र दिवस (26 जनवरी) और गांधी जयंती (2 अक्टूबर)। 1947 से पहले भारत अंग्रेजों का गुलाम था। अनेक देशभक्तों ने देश की आजादी के लिए अपने प्राण त्याग दिए। स्वतंत्रता दिवस पूरे देश में धूमधाम से मनाया जाता है। मुख्य समारोह दिल्ली में आयोजित किया जाता है। इस दिन प्रधानमंत्री लाल किले पर तिरंगा फहराते हैं और देश की जनता को संबोधित करते हैं। विद्यालयों और अन्य स्थानों पर भी देशभक्ति से संबंधित कार्यक्रम होते हैं। लोग देशभक्ति के गीत गाते हैं। यह दिन हमें अमर शहीदों के जीवन से प्रेरणा लेने की सीख भी देता है।

क) भारत कब स्वतंत्र हुआ ? (1)

.....
ख) हमारे राष्ट्रीय पर्व कौन से हैं ? (1)

.....
ग) 15 अगस्त 1947 से पहले भारत किसका गुलाम था ? (1)

.....
घ) हर वर्ष 15 अगस्त को प्रधानमंत्री कहाँ तिरंगा फहराते हैं ? (1)

.....
ङ) स्वतंत्रता दिवस हमें किसके जीवन से प्रेरणा लेने की सीख देता है ? (1)

.....
च) समान तुक वाला शब्द लिखो | (1)

जीत -

छ) नीचे लिखे वाक्य के सामने सही (✓) या गलत (X) का निशान लगाइए | (1)

1947 से पहले भारत अंग्रेजों का गुलाम था।

ज) खाली जगह भरो | (1)

स्वतंत्रता दिवस पूरे देश में से मनाया जाता है।

झ) समान अर्थ वाला शब्द लिखो | (1)

पर्व =.....

ज) विलोम शब्द लिखो । (1)

परतंत्र x

(पाठ्य पुस्तक पर आधारित प्रश्न)

प्रश्न 4 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो । (पद्य भाग)

क) “वो इधर से निकला, उधर चला गया” कौन ? (1)

(कुत्ता / बाघ / हाथी)

.....

ख) अंधेर नगरी के बारे में दो वाक्य लिखिए । (2)

.....
.....

ग) तुम्हारी परिचित नदी के किनारे क्या-क्या होता है ? (2)

.....
.....

प्रश्न 5 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो । (गद्य भाग)

क) मैडल से चूड़ियाँ बनवा लेने पर दादी ने बुआ को क्या माना ? (1)

(बुद्धिमान / चालाक / महामूर्ख)

.....

ख) बिशन घायल तीतर को क्यों बचाना चाहता था ? (2)

.....
.....

ग) अम्मी के अधिकार किसने छीन लिए थे ? (2)

.....

.....

(रचनात्मक लेखन पर आधारित प्रश्न)

प्रश्न 6 क) नीचे लिखे किसी एक विषय पर 50 से 75 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए । (5)

अपनी रोजमर्रा की ज़िंदगी में पानी की बचत करने के लिए तुम क्या - क्या उपाय कर सकते हो ?

या

तुम्हारे घर की खिड़की या दरवाज़े से दिखाई देने वाला बाहर का दृश्य

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

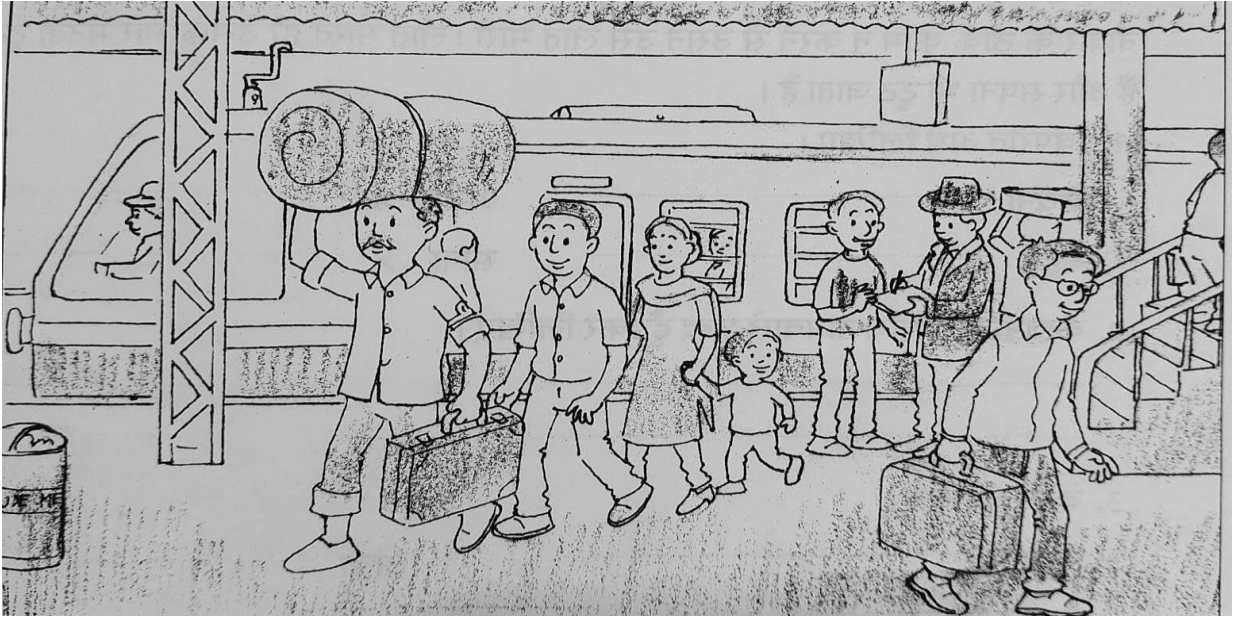
.....

.....

.....

.....

ख) चित्र देखकर पाँच वाक्य लिखो । (5)



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(व्याकरण पर आधारित प्रश्न)

प्रश्न 7 क) नीचे दिए गए वाक्य किस काल में है ? चुनकर लिखिए । (3)

(वर्तमान काल / भूतकाल / भविष्यत् काल)

i) उत्साह उन्हें आगे खींच रहा था ।

ii) घायल तीतर यहीं तड़प - तड़प कर मर जाएगा |

iii) किसी का पेट भूख से कुलबुला रहा है |

ख) नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में से क्रिया शब्द छाँटकर कर लिखो | (2)

i) कुली ने जल्दी से उत्तर दिया |

ii) उन्होंने घायल तीतर को देखा |

ग) नीचे लिखे वाक्यों में सर्वनाम का ठीक रूप छाँटकर लिखो | (2)

i) मोहन को समझ में नहीं आ रहा कि क्या करना चाहिए ?(वह /उसे)

ii) विमल ने अपने अफसर को याद दिलाया कि चार बजे बैठक में
जाना है। (आप / उन्हें)

घ) जिन शब्दों के नीचे रेखा खींची है, उनका लिंग पहचानो और लिखो | (2)

(स्त्रीलिंग / पुल्लिंग)

राम की पुस्तक दसवाँ हिस्सा

ङ) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के आगे उचित विशेषण चुनकर लिखिए | (गरम / भारी)

i) अटैची ii) हलवा (2)

च) उदाहरण अनुसार नए शब्द बनाइए | (2)

उदाहरण- लद्दाख + ई = लद्दाखी

i) तिब्बत + ई =

ii) चट्टान + ई =

छ) नीचे दिए गए वाक्य में संज्ञा शब्द पर गोला लगाइए । (1)

अच्छा बताओ, कितने शेर आए थे ?

ज) नीचे दिए गए मुहावरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग करो । (1)

आँखें भर आना -

.....
.....

(शब्द ज्ञान पर आधारित)

प्रश्न 8 क) नीचे दिए गए वाक्यांशों के लिए एक - एक शब्द लिखिए । (2)

i) नाटक में हिस्सा लेने वाला -

ii) पहाड़ों के बीच में से कच्चा रास्ता -

ख) समान अर्थ वाले शब्द लिखिए । (2)

i) घाम = ii) वेग =

ग) नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में उचित शब्द भरो । (2)

(फटाफट, पटापट)

i) आँधी के कारण पेड़ से फल गिर रहे हैं।

ii) हंसा अपना सारा काम कर लेती है।

घ) नीचे लिखे देशों की मुद्राएँ कौन-सी हैं ? (2)

i) भारत - ii) बांग्लादेश -

ड) खाली स्थानों में सही शब्द लिखो । (2)

(पर के को ने से)

अनारको एक लड़की है । घर लोग उसे अन्नो कहते हैं । अन्नो नाम छोटा जो है , सो उस हुक्म चलाना आसान होता है ।

(वर्तनी पर आधारित प्रश्न)

प्रश्न 9 क) नीचे लिखे वाक्यों को शुद्ध करके लिखिए । (2)

i) दोनों की मुसीबत में जान था ।

.....

ii) पहाड़ों के पीछे से सूरज झाँक रही थी ।

.....

ख) नीचे लिखे शब्दों के अक्षरों के क्रम को बदलकर शुद्ध शब्द बनाओ । (2)

i) रा / म / ज / हा -

ii) र / सु / त / क्षि - -

ग) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के छूटे हुए अक्षर लिखकर शब्दों को पूरा कीजिए । (3)

i) मुसी __ त

ii) चेता __ नी

iii) आ__मान

घ) नीचे दिए गए शुद्ध शब्दों पर गोला लगाइए । (3)

i) समर्थन

सर्मथन

समथर्न

ii) वातवारण

वातवरण

वातावरण

iii) मुश्किल

मुश्कील

मूश्किल

(हस्तलेख पर आधारित प्रश्न)

प्रश्न 10 नीचे लिखे अनुच्छेद को सुंदर लेख में दुबारा लिखिए । (5)

चाचा जी हमें शाहदरा मेट्रो स्टेशन लेकर गए। वहाँ हम दिल्ली की शान की सवारी अर्थात् मेट्रो ट्रेन में सवार हुए। ज़मीन से कई फीट ऊपर दौड़ती ट्रेन में बैठकर हम सभी प्रफुल्लित थे। दौड़ती ट्रेन से भारत का दिल कही जाने वाली दिल्ली के दर्शन करना हमारे लिए एक रोमांचक अनुभव था।

.....
.....
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा / Annual Examination Practice Paper-II

कक्षा / Class : V

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hours

विषय / Subject : HINDI

अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks : 80

गद्यांश और काव्यांश विभाग

1. नीचे दिए गए अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

हमें सदैव परोपकार करते रहना चाहिए। यदि हम यह ध्यान रखें कि दूसरों की सहायता करना सौभाग्य की बात है, तो परोपकार की इच्छा हमें प्रेरणा देती रहेगी। किसी ऊँचे आसन पर खड़े होकर और अपने हाथ से किसी भिखारी को पैसे देकर यह नहीं सोचना चाहिए कि तुम भिखारी पर एहसान कर रहे हो। वास्तव में तुम्हें इस बात के लिए कृतज्ञ होना चाहिए कि तुम्हें कोई निर्धन व्यक्ति मिला, जिसे दान देकर तुमने स्वयं अपना उपकार किया है। धन्य पाने वाला नहीं देने वाला होता है। यह कम महत्त्व की बात नहीं है कि संसार में तुम्हें अपनी दयालुता प्रकट करने तथा इस प्रकार पवित्र एवं पूर्ण होने का अवसर प्राप्त हुआ।

* निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

- i) हमें सदैव क्या करते रहना चाहिए? (1)

- ii) हमें परोपकार करते समय क्या नहीं सोचना चाहिए? (1)

iii) महत्त्व की बात क्या है? (1)

iv) हमें किस लिए कृतज्ञ होना चाहिए? (1)

*सही उत्तर को छाँटिए।

v) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का शीर्षक बताइए। (1)

क) भिखारी को दान ख) परोपकार ग) एहसान

vi) कौन धन्य होता है? (1)

क) पाने वाला ख) देने वाला ग) छीनकर लेने वाला

vii) सौभाग्य शब्द का विलोम शब्द है- (1)

क) दुर्भाग्य ख) अभाग्य ग) अन्य भाग्य

viii) भिखारी शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द है- (1)

क) धनवान ख) महाजन ग) दरिद्र

ix) गद्यांश के अनुसार 'व्यक्ति' संज्ञा है- (1)

क) जातिवाचक ख) भाववाचक ग) द्रव्यवाचक

x) एक शब्द में उतर लिखो। (1)

• जिसके पास धन न हो- -----

2. नीचे दिए गए पठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

जवाहरलाल बढ़ते जा रहे थे।ज्यों-ज्यों ऊपर चढ़ते गए, त्यों-त्यों साँस लेने में दिक्कत होने लगी।एक कुली की नाक से खून बहने लगा। जल्दी से जवाहरलाल ने उसका उपचार किया। खुद उन्हें भी कनपटी की नसों में तनाव महसूस हो रहा था, लगता था जैसे दिमाग में खून चढ़ आया हो। फिर भी जवाहरलाल ने आगे बढ़ने का इरादा नहीं बदला।

थोड़ी देर में बर्फ पड़ने लगी। फिसलन बढ़ गई, चलना भी कठिन हो गया। एक तरफ़ थकान, ऊपर से सीधी चढ़ाई। तभी सामने एक बर्फीला मैदान नज़र आया चारों ओर हिम शिखरों से घिरा वह मैदान देवताओं के मुकुट के समान लग रहा था। प्रकृति की कैसी मनोहर छटा थीं आँखों और मन को तरोताज़ा कर गई।

i) किसको साँस लेने में दिक्कत होने लगी?? (1)

ii) किसकी नाक से खून बहने लगा? (1)

iii) जवाहरलाल जी को कहाँ तनाव महसूस हो रहा था? (1)

iv) उनके लिए चलना कठिन क्यों हो गया? (1)

v) 'आँख' शब्द का वचन बदलो। (1)

3. नीचे दिए गए पठित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

क) “वो इधर से निकला

उधर चला गया ss“

वो आँखें फैलाकर

बतला रहा था-

i) पहली पंक्ति में ‘वो’ शब्द का प्रयोग किसके लिए किया गया है? (1)

ii) तीसरी पंक्ति में ‘वो’ कौन है? (1)

ख) पाँच-साला बेटू ने

हमें फिर से आगाह किया

“अब रात को बाहर होकर बाथरूम न जाना!”

iii) बच्चों ने अपने पिता को क्या समझाया? (1)

• सही कथन पर ठीक (✓) का चिन्ह लगाइए।

iv) बच्चा किस बात से डरता है? (1)

• बाघ से

• रात में बाथरूम जाने से

v) 'आगाह किया' का मतलब क्या हो सकता है? (1)

- सचेत किया
- बताया

पाठ्य-पुस्तकपर आधारित प्रश्न

* निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

I. नदी की टेढ़ी-मेढ़ी धार किस की तरह लगते हैं?? (1)

उत्तर:-----

II. धरती की गुल्लक किन-किन साधनों से भरती है? (1)

उत्तर:-----

III. बड़ी संख्या में इमारतें बनने से बाढ़ और अकाल का खतरा कैसे पैदा होता है? (2)

उत्तर:-----

IV. बाघ दिन भर क्या-क्या करता होगा? कहाँ-कहाँ जाता होगा? (2)

उत्तर:-----

V. बिशन घायल को क्यों बचाना चाहता था? (2)

उत्तर:-----

VI. बर्फ से ढके चट्टानी पहाड़ों के उदास और फीके लगने की क्या वजह हो सकती थी? (2)

उत्तर:-----

रचनात्मक लेखन पर आधारित प्रश्न

1. दिए गए चित्र के बारे में एक अनुच्छेद लिखें। (5)



2. अपनी दादी के बारे में कुछ बताइए। (5)

व्याकरण आधारित प्रश्न

1. मुहावरे को वाक्य में प्रयोग करो। (2)

• खून का घूँट पीना- -----

• पेट मलना- -----

2. "वाला" प्रत्येय जोड़कर दो शब्द लिखिए। (2)

3. विशेषण को लाल और विशेष्य को नीले रंग से रेखांकित कीजिए। (2)

- कीटनाशक दवा

4. सर्वनाम का ठीक रूप छाँटकर लिखिए। (1)

- सेंटीला ----- घर नागालैंड के किस शहर में है? (तुम)

5. भाववाचक संज्ञा को चुनकर लिखिए। (1)

- क) बालक ख) बुढ़ापा ग) नई दिल्ली

6. कारक का उचित प्रयोग कीजिए। (1)

- रात सपने ----- बहुत बारिश हुई। (में/ने)

7. वाक्य में क्रियाविशेषण रेखांकित कीजिए। (1)

- पहाड़ी के कोने-से फिसलकर नीचे पहुँचा जाए।

8. नीचे दिए गए वाक्य में से क्रिया शब्द छाँटकर लिखिए। (1)

- वह बच्चों को हँसाता है। -----

9. सर्वनाम का प्रकार बताइए। (1)

- वह मेरी पुस्तक है। -----

10. नीचे दिए गए वाक्य किस काल में है? (3)

(वर्तमानकाल, भूतकाल, भविष्यकाल)

- सुबह से वर्षा हो रही थी। -----

- ईश्वर तुम्हारा मंगल करें। -----

- सुमन सैर कर रही है। -----

शब्द भंडार पर आधारित प्रश्न

1. शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए। (2)

- रेल-पेला ----- • बिरानी -----

2. तुक वाले शब्द लिखिए। (2)

- नाम ----- • वन -----

3. लिंग पहचानो। (1)

- वर्दी (स्त्रीलिंग / पुलिंग)

4. विलोम शब्द लिखो। (1)

- खुशबूदार x -----

5. यह चीज़ आपको कैसा लगता है? (1)

- गुलाबजामुन= -----

6. किसने कहा? किससे कहा? (2)

इसे रोज़ दलिया भी खिलाना?

- किसने कहा?-----

- किससे कहा?-----

7. वाक्य को पूरा करो। (1)

- वह इतना धीरे चल रहा था मानो-----

वर्तनी पर आधारित प्रश्न

1. वाक्य शुद्ध करो। (2)

क) आप रात को बाहर नहीं निकलो।

ख) रीता घुटनों के बल चलने लगा।

2. शब्दों के छूटे हुए अक्षर लिखकर शब्दों को पूरा करो। (3)

• गु-----क • आ-----शबाजी • अ-----क्

3. दिए गए शुद्ध शब्दों पर गोला ○ लगाओ। (3)

क) प्रसन्न प्रषन्न प्रशन्न

ख) चिलाकर चील्लाकर चिल्लाकर

ग) ऊलजलुल ऊलजलूल उलजलूल

4. शब्दों के अक्षरों के क्रम को बदलकर शुद्ध शब्द लिखें। (2)

• नाहामु= ----- • मतहिक= -----

सुलेख

- सुंदर लेख में लिखिए।

(5)

प्रणाम का भारतीय संस्कृति में बड़ा महत्व है। यह अपने से बड़ों-श्रद्धेय तथा आदरणीय जनों के प्रति आत्मीयता का प्रतीक है। माता-पिता के अतिरिक्त समाज के सभी वृद्धजनों, अतिथियों, साधु-संतों को अपनी परंपरा के अनुसार प्रणाम करना मानव-धर्म है। वस्तुतः प्रणाम जीवन रूपी क्षेत्र में आशीर्वाद का अन्न उगाने का बीजमंत्र है। प्रणाम के संबंध में मनु की मान्यता है कि 'वृद्धजनों' व माता-पिता को जो नित्य सेवा-प्रणाम से प्रसन्न रखता है, उसकी आयु-विद्या-यश और बल चारों की वृद्धि होती है।



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

Atomic Energy Education Societ

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-III / Annual Examination Practice Paper-III

कक्षा/Class : पाँचवी

अवधि/ Duration: 3 घंटे

विषय/Subject - हिन्दी

अधिकतम अंक/Maximum Marks - 80

पठन क्षमता (20 अंक)

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

सुबह का समय था। पहाड़ों के पीछे से सूरज झाँक रहा था। दस वर्ष का बिशन घर से बाहर निकल आया। वह रोज़ इसी समय, इसी रास्ते से कर्नल दत्ता के फ़ार्म हाउस पर जाता है। कर्नल दत्ता की पत्नी पढ़ाई में उसकी मदद करती हैं। फ़ार्म से लगे सेबों के बाग में कीटनाशक दवा का छिड़काव हो रहा था और बहुत तड़के काम शुरू हो जाता था।

बिशन पगडंडी से अभी सड़क तक आ ही रहा था कि उसे गोली चलने की आवाज़ सुनाई दी। उसने इधर-उधर देखा, कोई भी दिखाई नहीं दिया। वह कुछ ही दूर चला था कि उसे फिर गोली चलने की आवाज़ सुनाई दी। इस बार एक नहीं, दो-तीन गोलियाँ एक साथ ही चली थीं। गोलियों की आवाज़ से पूरी घाटी गूँज गई। पंछी घबरा गए। आसमान में गोल गोल चक्कर काटने लगे। बिशन सहमकर पेड़ों की आड़ में छिपकर खड़ा हो गया।

1) बिशन कितने वर्ष का था ? (1)

2) बिशन को किसकी आवाज सुनाई दी ? (1)

3) बिशन सहमकर कहाँ छिप गया ? (1)

4) समान अर्थ वाला शब्द लिखो । (1)

डरकर - -----

5) विलोम शब्द लिखो -(1)

सुबह × -----

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

जवाहरलाल बढ़ते जा रहे थे। ज्यों-ज्यों ऊपर चढ़ते गए, त्यों-त्यों साँस लेने में दिक्कत होने लगी। एक कुली की नाक से खून बहने लगा। जल्दी से जवाहरलाल ने उसका उपचार किया। खुद उन्हें भी कनपटी की नसों में तनाव महसूस हो रहा था, लगता था जैसे दिमाग में खून चढ़ आया हो। फिर भी जवाहरलाल ने आगे बढ़ने का इरादा नहीं बदला।

थोड़ी देर में बर्फ पड़ने लगी। फिसलन बढ़ गई, चलना भी कठिन हो गया। एक तरफ़ थकान, ऊपर से सीधी चढ़ाई। तभी सामने एक बर्फीला मैदान नजर आया। चारों ओर हिम शिखरों से घिरा वह मैदान देवताओं के मुकुट के समान लग रहा था। प्रकृति की कैसी मनोहर छटा थीं आँखों और मन को तरोताज़ा कर गई। बस एक झलक दिखाकर बर्फ़ के धुँधलके में ओझल हो गई। दिन के बारह बजने वाले थे। सुबह चार बजे से वे लोग लगातार चढ़ाई कर रहे थे। शायद सोलह हज़ार फ़ीट की ऊँचाई पर होंगे इस वक्त ... अमरनाथ से भी ऊपर।

1) किसके नाक से खून बहने लगा? (1)

2) बर्फीला मैदान किस समान लग रहा था?(1)

3) जवाहरलाल और उनके चचेरे भाई कितने बजे से हिमालय की चढ़ाई कर रहे थे?

(1)

4) समान अर्थ वाला शब्द लिखो ।

(1)

इलाज - -----

5) वचन बदलो ।

(1)

आँख - -----

प्रश्न 3. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

शरीर को स्वस्थ रखने के लिए अनेक चीज़ों की आवश्यकता होती है, जैसे पौष्टिक भोजन, स्वच्छ वातावरण एवं व्यायाम। दौड़ना, सैर करना, तैरना, योगासन तथा खेल आदि उत्तम प्रकार के व्यायाम हैं। इससे शरीर के सभी अंग हरकत में आते हैं। रक्त का प्रवाह तेज़ होता है। व्यायाम से शरीर लचीला बनता है, स्फूर्ति आती है और आलस्य दूर होता है। इससे मनुष्य में काम करने की शक्ति बढ़ती है। व्यायाम करने से भूख खूब लगती है। खाया-पीया सब हज़म हो जाता है। रोग पास नहीं आता और मन स्वस्थ रहता है। हम अपने कार्यों को अच्छी तरह से कर पाने में समर्थ होते हैं। इस प्रकार व्यायाम का हमारे जीवन में महत्वपूर्ण स्थान है।

प्रत्येक विद्यालय में योगासन और खेलकूद सिखाया जाता है ताकि छात्र एक अच्छे एवं स्वस्थ नागरिक बन सकें। खेल न केवल उत्तम व्यायाम है अपितु विद्यार्थी के विकास के लिए भी ज़रूरी है। आजकल विद्यालयों में भी खेल को बहुत महत्व दिया जाता है। विद्यालयों में खेलकूद के लिए अलग घंटा होता है। विद्यार्थी दौड़, फुटबॉल, बास्केटबॉल, क्रिकेट, टेनिस आदि तरह-तरह के खेल खेलते हैं। खेलों से विद्यार्थियों में उमंग, उत्साह, रुचि तथा अनुशासन की भावना जागृत होती है।

1) शरीर को स्वस्थ रखने के लिए किन चीज़ों की आवश्यकता होती है ?(1)

2) व्यायाम के कौन-कौन से उत्तम प्रकार होते हैं ?

(1)

3) खेलों से विद्यार्थियों में कौन सी भावना जागृत होती है ? (1)

4) विद्यालयों में योगासन और खेलकूद क्यों सिखाया जाता है ? (1)

5) सही विकल्प चुनकर सही का निशान लगाओ - (2)

(क) व्यायाम से शरीर ----- बनता है ।

i) सुस्त

ii) धीमा

iii) लचीला

iv) ढीला

(ख) व्यायाम से शरीरमें ----- का प्रवाह तेज होता है ।

i) रक्त

ii) जीवनसत्वों

iii) खनीजों

iv) पानी

6) वाक्य पढ़कर सही (✓) या गलत (X) का निशान लगाओ । (1)

व्यायाम करने से भूख खूब लगती है। खाया-पीया बदहज़म हो जाता है। ()

7) विलोम शब्द लिखो । (1)

स्वच्छ x-----

8) शब्द का अर्थ लिखो । (2)

(क)कसरत - -----

(ख)जरूरत - -----

पाठ्यपुस्तक पर आधारित प्रश्न (10 अंक)

प्रश्न 4. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो ।

1) बच्चे ने बाघ के परिवार को कहाँ देखा?(1)

2) 'छोटी सी हमारी नदी' कविता में नदी के तट की क्या खासियत थी?(2)

3) गुरुजी ने चले की जान बचाने के लिए राजा को क्या बात कही थी ?(2)

प्रश्न 5. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो ।

1) कोको की माँ ने कोको के लिए नाश्ते में क्या बनाया था ? (1)

2) बच्चे खाने में क्या खाना चाहते थे ? (2)

3) जवाहरलाल को अमरनाथ तक का सफर अधूरा क्यों छोड़ना पड़ा ? (2)

रचनात्मक लेखन (10 अंक)

प्रश्न 6. (क) नीचे लिखे किसी भी एक विषय पर 75 से 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।

भारत का राष्ट्रीय पशु

या (5)

अपनी कोई छोटी या लंबी यादगार यात्रा

(ख) नीचे लिखे किसी भी एक विषय पर 75 से 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।

दिवाली का त्योहार

या

(5)

स्वतंत्रता दिवस

व्याकरण (15 अंक)

प्रश्न 7.(क) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के साथ उचित विशेषण लिखो । (1)

----- बारिश (सही / भारी)

(ख) नीचे लिखे वाक्य में सही शब्द लिखो । (1)

उस भुक्खड़ ने ----- सारे लड्डू खा डाले ।

(चटपट / खटाखट)

(ग) नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में से विशेषण शब्द छाटकर लिखो । (2)

(i) एक घायल तीतर छटपटा रहा है । -----

(ii) चट्टानों को बर्फ की पतली चादर ने ढक रखा था । -----

(घ) नीचे लिखे मुहावरों का वाक्य में प्रयोग करो । (2)

(i) आगाह करना - -----

(ii) आँख लगना - -----

(ङ) नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में सही सर्वनाम चुनकर लिखो ।(2)

(i) कर्नल साहब ने बिशन को पाने पास बुलाकर कहा ----- कल मेरे घर आना । (वह, उस, तुम)

(ii) घायल तीतर को देखकर बिशन ने ----- बचाना चाहा । (उसे, आपको, वह)

(च) खाली स्थान में सही शब्द लिखो ।(2)

(i) मेज ----- फूलदान रखा है । (पर, से, के)

(ii) मेरी किताब ----- सुंदर चित्र है । (में, को, के)

(छ) उदाहरण के अनुसार शब्द बनाइए । (2)

बद + किस्मत = बदकिस्मत

(i) बद + नसीब = -----

(ii) बद + हाल = -----

(ज) नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों का काल पहचानिए । (2)

(वर्तमानकाल / भूतकाल / भविष्यकाल)

(i) कोको की माँ चावल की रोटियाँ बना रही है । -----

(ii) जवाहरलाल बढ़ते जा रहे थे । -----

(झ) वचन बदलो ।(1)

चटाई - -----

शब्दज्ञान (10 अंक)

प्रश्न 8. (क) नीचे लिखे वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखो ।(2)

(i) जो व्यक्ति अनजान हो उसे क्या कहते हैं - -----

(ii) आम के बागान को क्या कहते हैं - -----

(ख) नीचे दिए गए शब्द के दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखो ।(2)

आसमान - -----

(ग) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों को 'बे' उपसर्ग लगाकर नए शब्द बनाओ । (2)

(i) परवाह - -----

(ii) जुबान - -----

(घ) विलोम शब्द लिखो ।(2)

(i) आसान ×-----

(ii) करीब ×-----

(ड) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों का अर्थ लिखो ।(2)

(i) इम्तिहान- -----

(ii) फौरन - -----

वर्तनी (10 अंक)

प्रश्न 9.(क) निम्नलिखित वाक्य शुद्ध करो । (2)

(i) राजम एक झाड़ि के पिछे छुप गया ।

(ii) थोडि देर में बर्फ पड़ने लगी ।

(ख) नीचे लिखे शब्दों के अक्षरों का क्रम बदलकर शुद्ध शब्द बनाओ ।(2)

(i) दाबखरर - -----

(ii) लाशवामक - -----

(ग) छूटे हुए अक्षर लिखकर शब्दों को पूरा करो ।(3)

(i) ----- स ल खा ना

(ii) भ र ----- म

(iii) अ म र ----- थ

(घ) नीचे दिए शब्दों में से शुद्ध शब्दों पर गोला लगाइए । (3)

(i) लालीमा लालिमा ललिमा

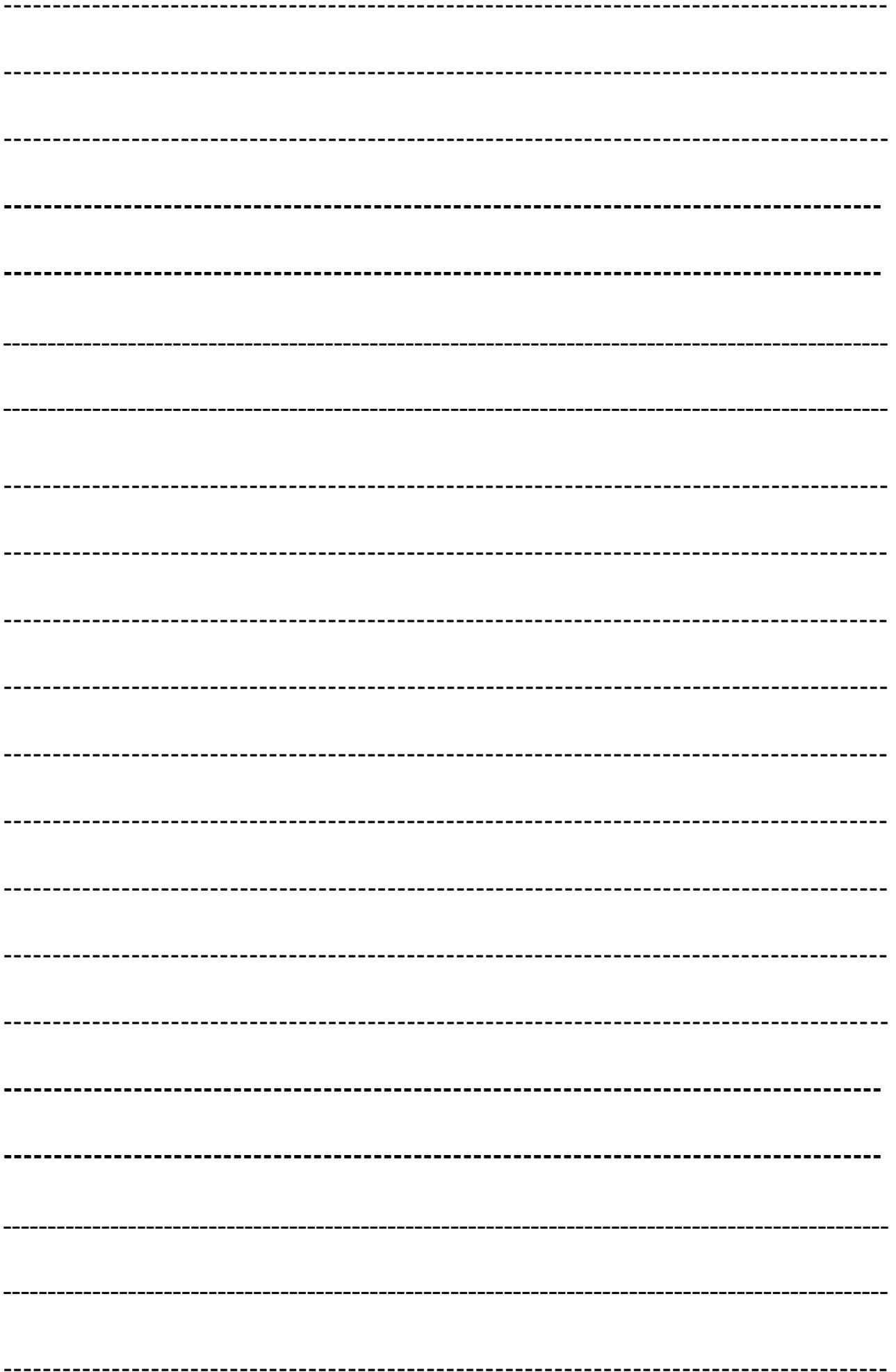
(ii) खानसामा खानासामा खानसमा

सुलेख (5 अंक)

प्रश्न 10. नीचे लिखे अनुच्छेद को सुंदर लेख में दोबारा लिखो । (5)

मोर बहुत सुंदर पक्षी है। यह हमारे देश का राष्ट्रीय पक्षी भी है। इसलिए इसे पक्षियों का राजा कहते हैं। मोर का शरीर बड़ा और भारी होता है। यही कारण है कि यह आसमान में ऊँचा नहीं उड़ सकता है। मोर प्रायः झाड़ियों में रहता है। मोर की गर्दन लंबी होती है।

इसके सिर पर एक सुंदर कलगी होती है। मोर के पंख बहुत आकर्षक होते हैं। इसके पंखों पर आधे चाँद जैसा निशान होता है। वर्षा ऋतु में बादलों को देखकर यह थिरकने लगता है और अपने पंख फैलाकर आकर्षक नृत्य प्रस्तुत करता है। यह कीड़े-मकौड़े और अनाज खाता है। यह साँपो का शत्रु होता है। लड़ाई में यह उन्हें मार डालता है।



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society
वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-I / Annual Examination Practice Paper-I

कक्षा / Class : V

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hours

विषय / Subject : Mathematics

अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks : 80

Section A (20 Marks)

Q1. Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks.

(1 × 6 = 6)

a) Fraction for 0.07 is _____.

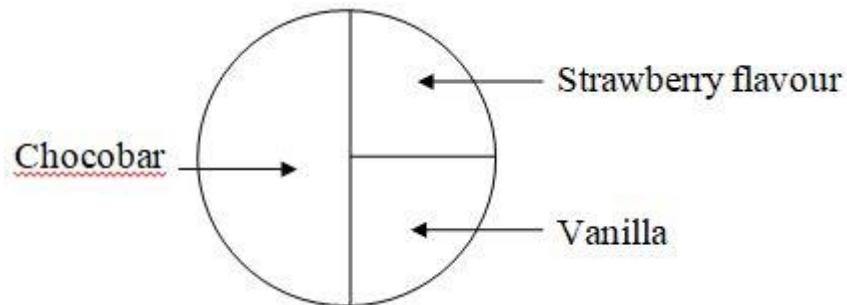
a) $\frac{7}{10}$

b) $\frac{7}{100}$

c) $\frac{7}{1}$

b) The following chapati chart represents a distribution among 120 children.

Observe the chart and fill in the blanks.



The number of children who like to eat Vanilla = _____.

a) 60

b) 30

c) 40

c) If Varun is moving from Chennai to Uttarakhand, he is moving _____.

a) towards west

b) towards east

c) towards north

d) A cube has _____ corners (vertices).

a) 12

b) 6

c) 8

e) $50 \times 0 \times 10 \times 10 =$ _____.

a) 5000

b) 0

c) 500

f) Each side of a cube of volume 8 cu.cm will be _____.

a) 2 cm

b) 64 cm

c) 2m

Q2. Do as directed.

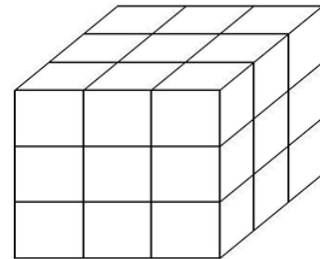
(2 × 5 = 10)

a) Write the question which makes the given statements as the best story problem.

There are 18 benches in a class. There are two students on each bench.

Question:

b) Find the volume (in cubic cm) of the following shape by counting the total number of 1 cm cubes.



A) _____

c) Draw the shapes that can be folded into

a) a cylinder

b) a cone

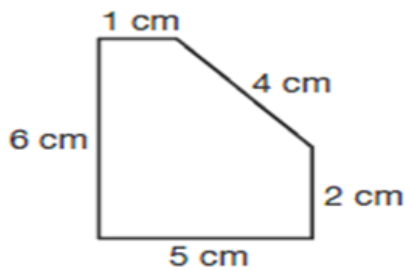
(inside the given boxes)

d) Ajay stood on the road for 1 hour and counted the number of two wheelers passing by. He made tally marks for each one. Observe them and fill in the blanks. (\triangle 3 vehicles)

1) Number of Mopeds $\triangle \triangle \triangle \backslash = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

2) Number of Motor Bikes $\triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \backslash = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

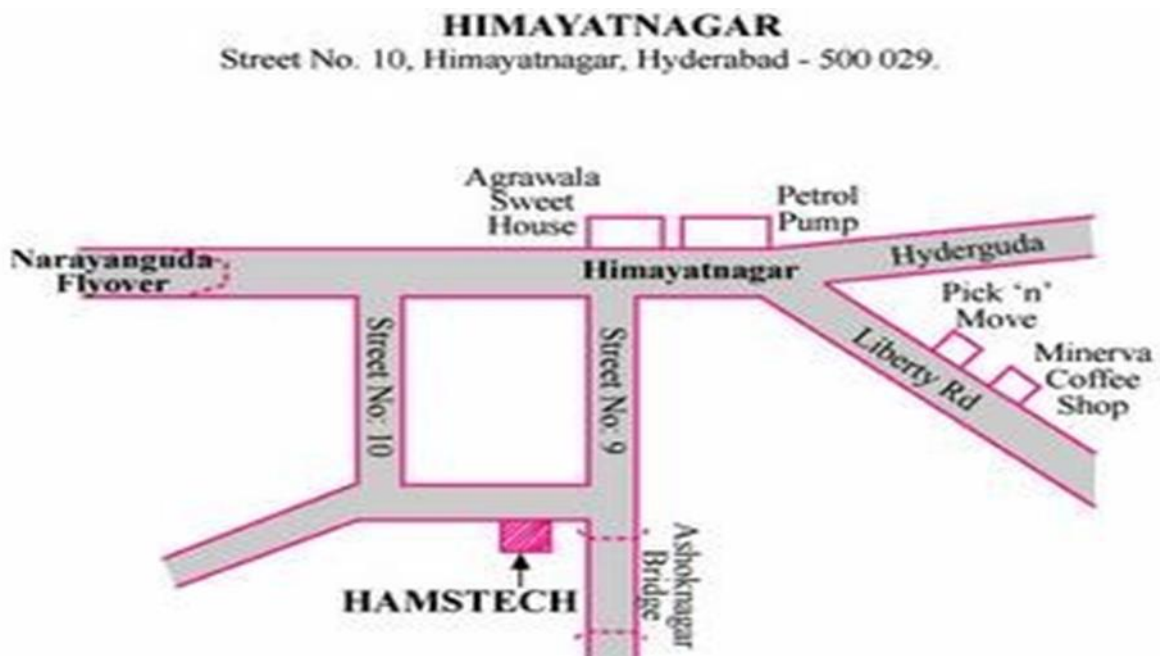
e) Find the perimeter of the given shape.



Perimeter = $\underline{\hspace{4cm}}$.

Q3. Do as directed.

(4 × 1 = 4)




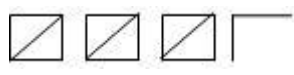
1) What kind of angle (Acute, Right or Obtuse) the following roads (on the map) are making ?

- a) Hyderguda and Liberty road make _____ angle.
- b) Himayatnagar and Street No – 10 make _____ angle.
- 2) If a person is going from Minerva coffee shop to Narayanaguda Flyover, he finds Agrawala sweet house on his _____ side. (right / left)
- 3) A person going to Hyderguda from Hamstech take _____ (right / left) turn after Street No-9.

Section B (20 Marks)

Q4. Tick and write the correct answer in the blanks given. (1 × 6 = 6)

- a) $880 \square 10 = 88$. (operation involved in the box \times / \div)
- b) The amount of space occupied by an object is called its _____.
(volume / area)
- c) How many sides are there in Central Hexagon? _____. (5 / 6)
- d) The value of a USA dollar is _____ than an Indian rupee. (more / less)
- e) The area of the chair seat is written in _____. (sq.cm / sq.m)
- f) If  represents 5 animals, the number of animals against the tally marks

 = _____. (15 / 17)

Q5. Do as directed. (2 × 5 = 10)

- a) What do we need to find out for the following. (Area / Perimeter)
- 1) Ravi wants to fence his field _____.
 - 2) He wants to sow the seeds in his field _____.
- b) You are asked to check if a 100-rupee note is real or fake. Write two things which will tell the real one from the fake.
- A) _____

c) Distance from Tatanagar to Kolkata is 10 cm on the map. What is the ground distance between these two places? (Scale: 1 cm = 25 km)

A) _____

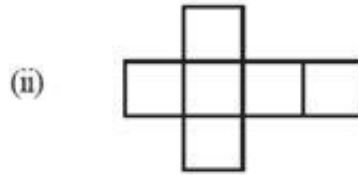
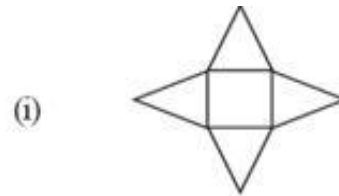
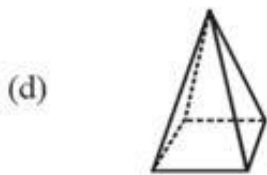
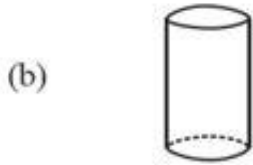
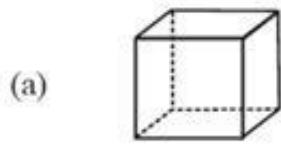
d) The table shows the number of children who help their parents at home.

Help most in house work	Number of children
Going to the market	47
Washing utensils	15
Washing clothes	3
Making serving food	25
Cleaning the house	10

1) Total children who help their parents = _____.

2) Maximum children help in this work = _____.

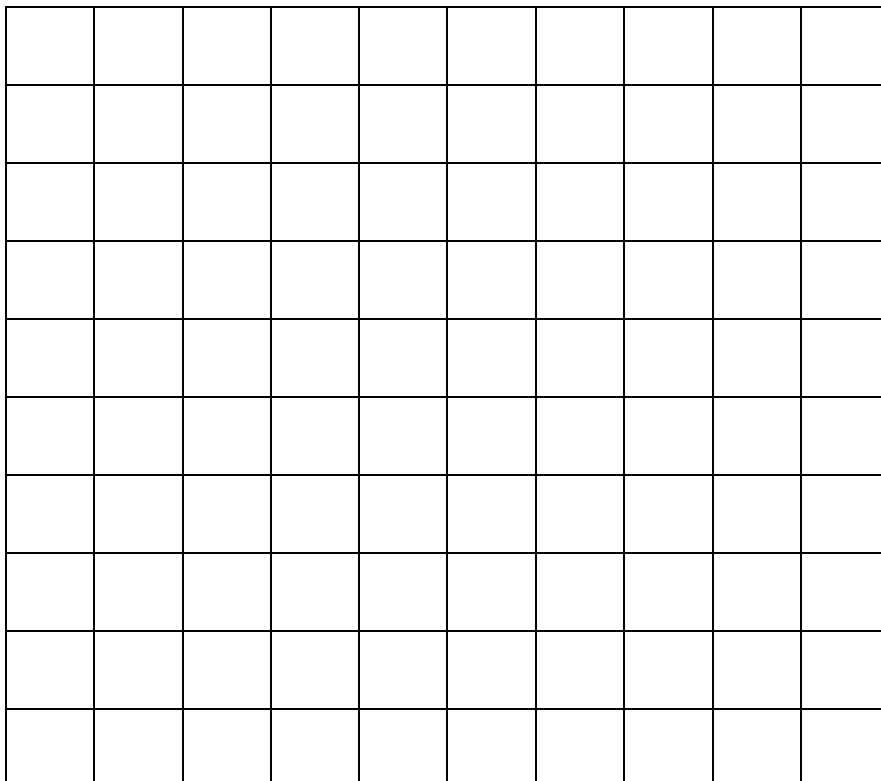
e) Match the solids with their deep drawings.



Q6. Do as directed.

(4 × 1 = 4)

Make a colourful design by colouring 0.23 part of the square blue, 0.1 part red, 0.05 part yellow and 0.12 part green.



Section C (20 Marks)

Q7. Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks. **(1 × 4 = 4)**

a) If the sides of a 1m cube are doubled, then its volume increases by _____ times.

(6 8 5)

b) The distance between ECIL and Rajiv Gandhi International Airport is 40 km on the ground. The distance between these two places on the map is _____ .

(scale: 1cm = 5km)

(10 km 8 cm 35 km)

c) A thin wire 20 cm long is formed in to a rectangle. If the length of the rectangle is 7 cm, then the breadth will be _____ cm.

(27 13 3)

d) Ajay drinks 12 glasses of water every day. He will drink _____ glasses in one week.

(5 84 19)

Q8. Do as directed. **(2 × 6 = 12)**

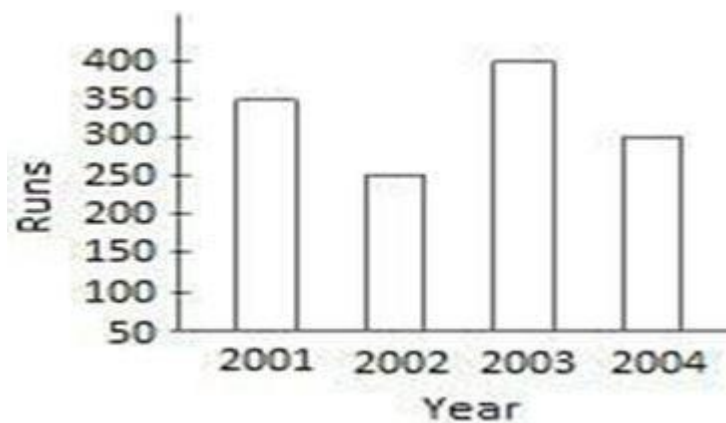
a) The weight of a 5 rupee coin is 9 g. How many coins are there in a sack of 5 rupee coins if it weighs 2 kg 430 g?

b) Find the sum by adding $23.11 + 3.807 + 2.50$

c) The perimeter of a square playground is 192 m. Find its area?

d) Divide and write the quotient and the remainder $876 \div 12$.

e) The number of runs scored by a player in 4 consecutive years is shown below.

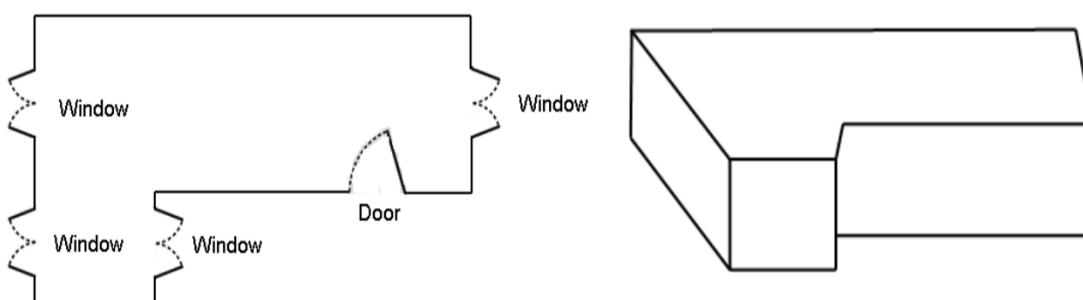


Answer the following:

1) How many runs did the player score in the year 2001? _____

2) In which year did he perform the best? Write the score also.

f) Look at this floor map of a house. Make doors and windows on the deep drawing of this house. Circle the windows on the floor map, that you cannot show in the deep drawing.



Q9. Solve the following.

(4 × 1 = 4)

Study the table and complete the following.

Item	Quantity	Cost (in Rs)
Soap	1	12.50
Green Gram	1 kg	80.00
Tea	250 g	27.50
Coconut Oil	1 litre	60.00

1. What is the cost of 2 Soaps ?

A) _____

2. What is the cost of $\frac{1}{2}$ litre coconut oil ?

A) _____

3. Cost of 250 g green gram is _____ rupees and ____ paise.

A) _____

4. What is the cost of $\frac{1}{2}$ kg tea ?

A) _____

Section D (20 Marks)

Q10. Fill in the blanks.

(1 × 4 = 4)

a) $407 \div 100 =$ _____ (write in decimal).

b) The quotient obtained when 312 is divided by 6 is _____.

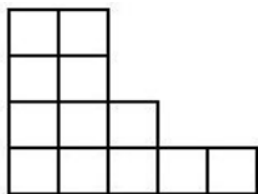
c) The fencing of a square garden is 20m in length. The length of one side of the garden is _____ metres.

d) If the volume of a marble is 2 ml, then the volume of 5 marbles = _____ ml.

Q11. Do as directed.

(2 × 6 = 12)

a) Find the area and perimeter of the figure given. (each square box side is 1 cm)



Area = _____

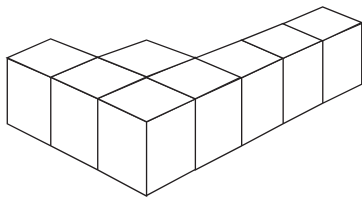
Perimeter = _____

b) Which solid has more volume ? (a cube or a cuboid)

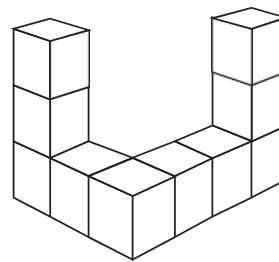
1) a cube whose edge is 8 cm.

2) a cuboid of length 12 cm, breadth 6 cm, height 2 cm.

c) Find the number of cubes used to make the following figures.



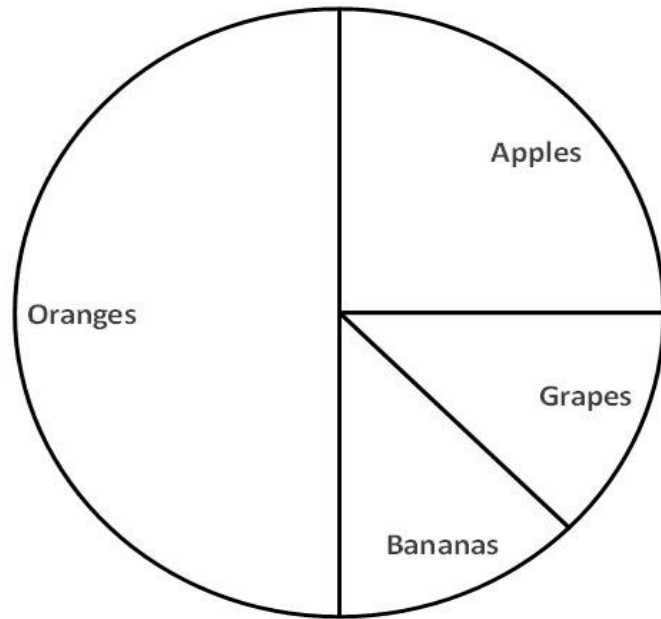
_____ cubes.



_____ cubes.

d) 836 people are watching a movie in a hall. If the hall has 44 rows, how many people can sit in 1 row?

e) If 12 students in the class like apples,



1) How many students are there in the class? _____

2) No. of students who like grapes is _____ part ($\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$) of the number of students who like oranges.

f) The distance between two places is 36km on the ground. It is marked as 3cm on a map. What is the scale of the map?

Q12. Solve the following. **(4 × 1 = 4)**

Governments of different states have fixed salary of a farm worker for a day's work. Look at the table and answer the following.

State	Wages per day (Rs)
Rajasthan	175

Orissa	150
Kerala	240
Karnataka	190
Bihar	100

- a) How much more wage does a labourer earn per day in Karnataka as compared to Rajasthan ? _____
- b) Raju, a labourer of Kerala will earn _____ rupees in a month.
- c) Varun, a worker in Bihar will earn _____ rupees in 6 weeks.
- d) _____ state has fixed the highest amount and _____ state has fixed the lowest.

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-II / Annual Examination Practice Paper-II

Class: V

Time: 3 Hours

Subject: Mathematics

Max.Marks: 80

SECTION-A KNOWLEDGE (20 Marks)

A.I. Fill in the blanks.

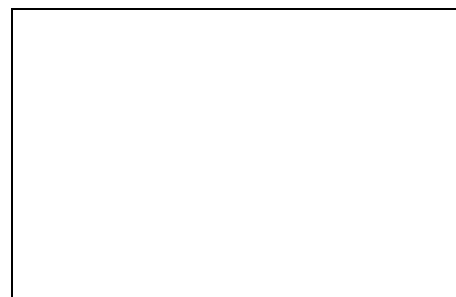
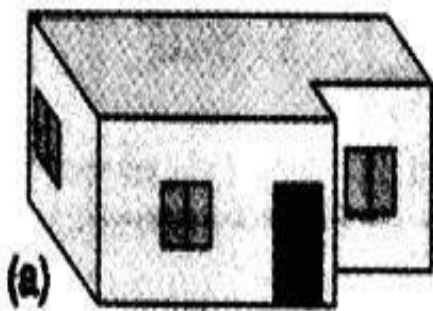
(1 X6= 6)

- 1) 1 metre = 1/1000 of a _____ (centimeter/ kilometer)
- 2) The unit of volume is _____. (square unit/cubic unit)
- 3) All the faces of a _____ are square in shape. (square/rectangle)
- 4) Rs.3 $\frac{3}{4}$ = _____ paise. (375 / 325)
- 5) We use _____ marks to record data. (tick /tally)
- 6) The perimeter becomes _____ times bigger if we double the side of a square. (two/four)

A.II. Do as directed.

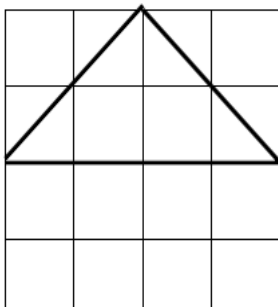
(2X5 =10)

- 1) Draw a floor map of the given drawing of the house.



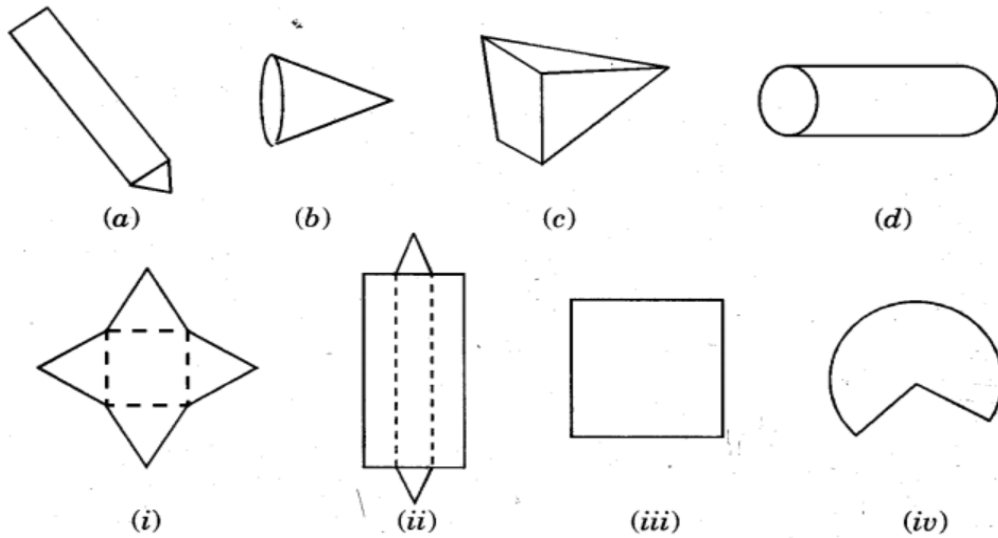
- 2) Find the area of the triangle in the figure given below.

(1sq cm grid)

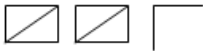



Area: _____

3) Match the shape below with a box into which it will fold.



4) If  shows 5 children then complete the table.

Vehicles	Tally marks	Number
Bike		
Car		

5) A storage container is 60 cm long, 25 cm wide and 15 cm deep. What is its volume in cubic cm ?

A.III. Do as directed.**(1x4 =4)**

Read the table and answer the following questions.

City	Temperature at 3:00 a.m.
Chennai	30.2°C
Delhi	27.8°C
Mumbai	29.5°C
Kolkata	31.5°C
Jaipur	30.2°C
Hyderabad	26.5°C

- i) The difference in temperature between Kolkata and Delhi is _____.
- ii) The temperatures of Chennai and Hyderabad are together _____°C.
- iii) The lowest temperature was recorded in _____ while the highest temperature was recorded in _____.

SECTION-B UNDERSTANDING (20 Marks)**B.I . Tick the correct option:****(1X6= 6)**

- 1) The volume of a 1 cm cube is _____.
- i) 1 cu.cm ii) 3 cu.cm iii) 8 cu.cm
- 2) _____ is the state which does not have the sea on any side.
- i) Kerala ii) MadhyaPradesh iii) Odisha
- 3) If Vikas is moving from Chennai to Bhopal he is moving _____
- i) towards west ii) towards east iii) towards north
- 4) $\frac{232}{1000}$ can be written as _____.

i) 23.20

ii) 2.320

iii) 0.232

5) The perimeter of a square of side 2 cm is _____.

i) 4 sq.cm

ii) 8 cm

iii) 8 sq.cm

6) A matchbox is an example of a _____.

i) cube

ii) cuboid

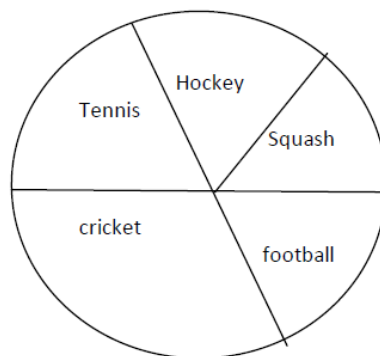
iii) prism

B II. Do as directed.

(2X5

=10)

1) Look at the pie chart showing different sports liked by children of a school.



(a) Which is the most popular sport _____

(b) Do more children enjoy Hockey or tennis? _____

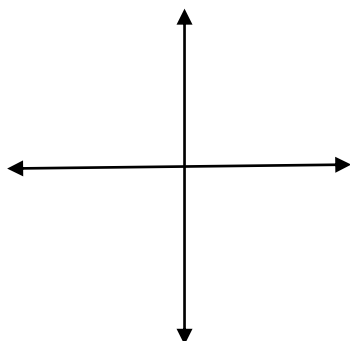
2) Find the cost of fencing a Rectangular park of 120 m length and 80 m breadth

at the rate of Rs.2 per metre .

3) 672 pencils are to be packed in boxes. If one box has 28 pencils, how many boxes are needed ?

4) If 8 five rupee coins can push up 10 ml of water then, how many coins can push up 25 ml water ?

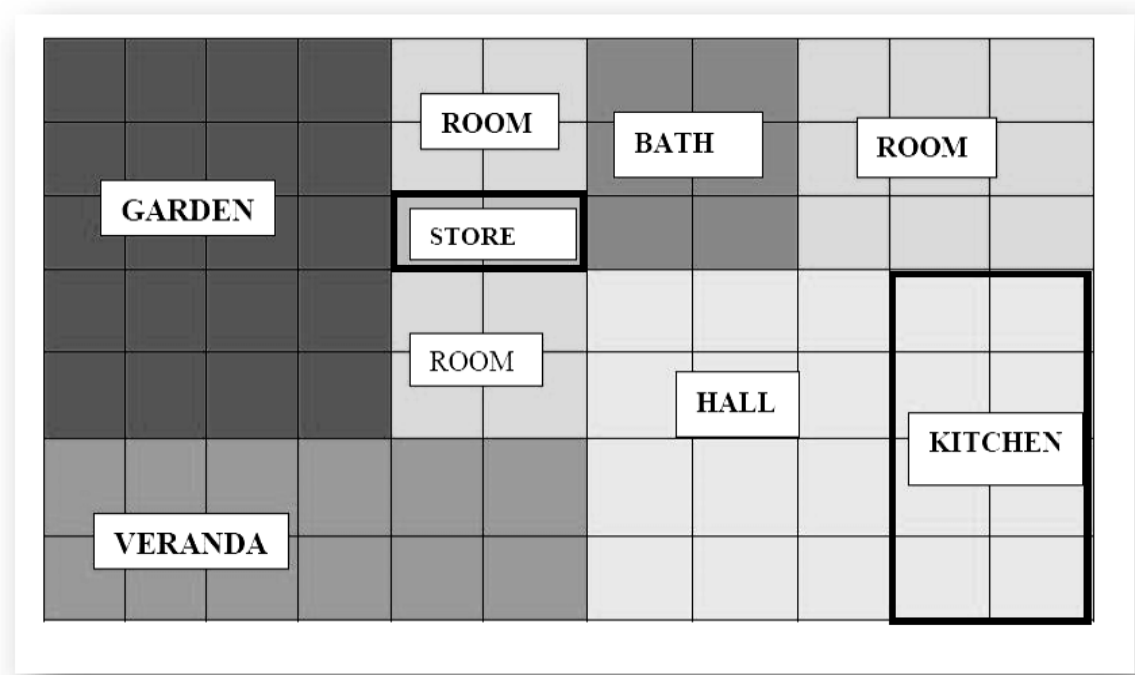
5) Label the directions in the given picture.



B III. Do as directed.

(1X4=4)

Look at the floor map of a house and answer the following questions:
 (Scale of the map: 1cm on map =1m on ground)

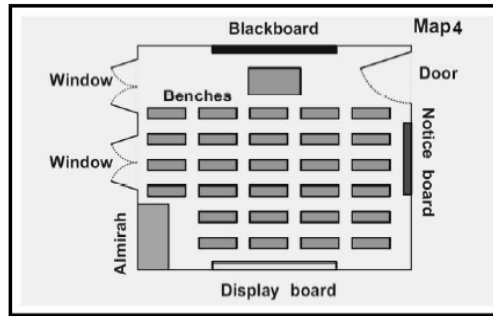


- a) How big is the hall _____ m × _____ m = _____ sq. m
- b) What is the length of the kitchen? _____ m
- c) How many squares have been marked as garden? _____
- d) What is to the south –east of the map? _____

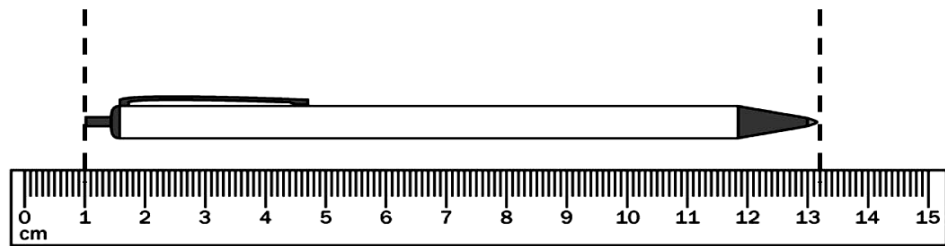
SECTION-C ABILITY TO COMPUTE (20 Marks)

C.I. Write the correct answer for the following. (1 X 4 = 4)

- 1) Write the following decimal as fraction:
 2.05=_____
- 2) Ravi drinks 2 litres of water in a day. He drinks _____ litres of water in
 a month.
- 3) If the display board is kept at the south side of the classroom, the notice board is at the _____ side of the classroom.



4) The length of the pen is _____ cm.



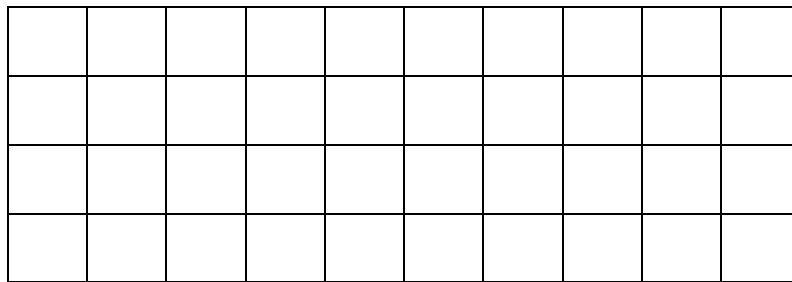
C II. Do as directed.

(2X 6 = 12)

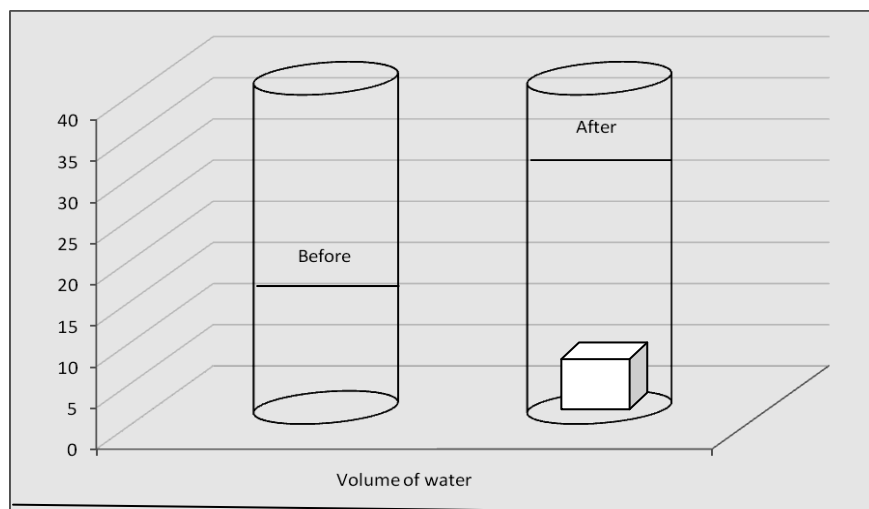
1) Meena purchased a book for Rs. 10.55 and a pen for Rs. 5. 05 Find the total cost of both things.

2) A car runs 4 km in a litre of petrol. How much petrol will it require to run 80636 kms ?

3) Colour 0.25 parts of the grid to make a design of your choice .

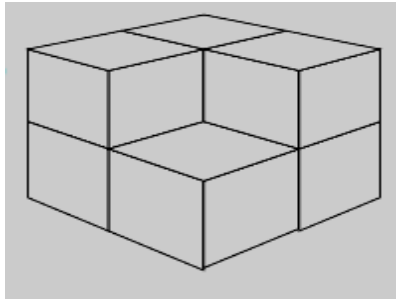


4) Find the volume of the cube (in ml) that is dropped in the container.



5) Sameena bought a battery. She read on it: 'Life:1800 hours'. She uses it day and the night. How many days will the battery run?

6) How many cubes are needed to make this interesting model?



C.III. Solve the followings.

$(2+1+1=4)$

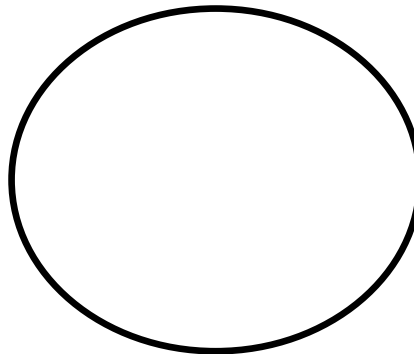
In a class of 100 students data of fruits liked was collected as follows. Represent this using chapatti chart / pie chart

Pine apple – 20

Orange – 15

Banana – 40

Apple - 25



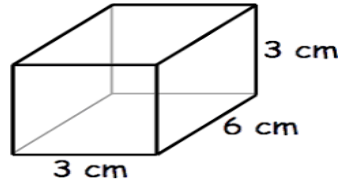
i) Which is least favourite fruit? _____

ii) The difference between the number of students that like oranges and bananas is _____

SECTION-D PROBLEM SOLVING ABILITY (20 Marks)

D I. Write the correct answer for the following. (1 X 4 = 4)

1) The volume of the given solid is _____.



2) The area of a square of side 12 cm will be _____.

3) $8000 \text{ m} \times 0.1 \text{ m} =$ _____

4) _____ hours are there in 3600 minutes .

D II. Do as directed. (2X6 = 12)

1) Distance on the map between Hyderabad to Chennai is 3 cm. What will be the actual distance between these two cities? SCALE: 1 CM = 145 KM

2) Soni's uncle in Abu Dhabi had sent him 1000 Dirhams as a gift. She used Rs. 6,850 to buy a bicycle. How much money was left with her?

(1 Dirham = Rs 22.63)

3) 954 people are watching a program in a school hall. If the hall has 47 rows, how many people can sit in a row ? How many more extra chairs will be needed ?

4) Meghamala has ₹ 100. How many pens can she buy if the cost of each pen is ₹ 15 ? How much money will be left with her?

5) A 2 rupee coin weighs 6 g. What is the weight of a sack with 1000 coins?

6) The floor of a rectangular room is to be covered with square tiles of side 10 cm. How many such tiles will be required if the length is 4 m and breadth is 2 m?

D III. Solve the followings.

$(1+1+2=4)$

Some students are going on trek. They pack their bags for 6 days.

(The list of food each person will need for one day)

Food	Quantity for one person one day
Rice	100g
Flour	100g
Dal	1/3 the weight of rice and flour
Oil	50g
dried Tomatoes	10g

Answer the questions given below.

i) How much rice and flour each person will need for 6 days?

ii) How much dal each person will need for 6 days?

iii) How much fresh tomatoes should be dried for 6 days for 10 people?
(Note: One kg of tomatoes becomes 100g when the water inside dries up).

परमाणु उर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY, MUMBAI

वार्षिक परीक्षा- अभ्यास प्रश्नपत्र-III / Annual Examination Practice Paper-III

कक्षा /Class:V

अवधि/ Duration: 3 hours

विषय /Subject :MATHEMATICS

अधिकतम अंक/Maximum marks:80

SECTION – A (KNOWLEDGE) - 20 MARKS

A I.Choose the correct answer and fill in the blanks. (6X1=6)

a) If 200 Km on the ground is shown by 1cm on the map, then 800 Km will be shown by _____ on the map.

(2 cm 4 cm 5cm 6cm)

b) The length of a rectangle is 4 cm and its perimeter is 12 cm. Its breadth is _____ cm.

(6 2 8 4)

c) A special way of drawing the house which is deep to show the length, width and height is called a _____ .

(floor map deep drawing model painting)

d) The volume of a cube of edge 3 cm is _____ .

(9 cu.cm 27 cu.cm 12 cu.cm 6 cu.cm)

e) 99 centimetres = _____ metres

(0.99 0.9 0.09 0.90)

f) If each side of a square becomes 2 times bigger, then its area will become

_____ times bigger.

(two four eight six)

AII. Do as directed.

(5x2=10)

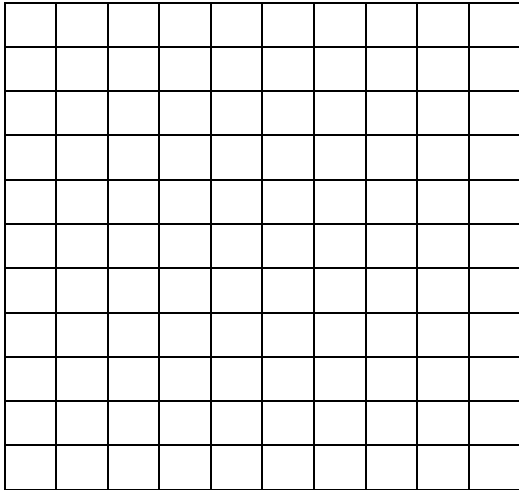
a) Reema plans to tile her kitchen floor with square tiles. Each side of the tile is 10 cm. Area of the kitchen is 9000 sq.cm. How many tiles will she need ?

b) Find the volume of a cuboid whose length is 5 cm, breadth is 4 cm and height is 6 cm.

c) Divide and check your answer.
4529 divided by 4

d) Make your design. Use 4 colours. Each colour should cover 0.05 part of this

square.



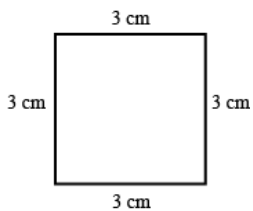
e) A company sells 1 litre of packed water for Rs 15. A shopkeeper buys 250 litres of packed water. How much does he pay ?

A III. Do as directed.

(4)

Two squares A and B are given below. The side of square A is 3 cm.

The side of square B is double the side of square A.



A



B

Answer the following.

- i) The perimeter of square A is _____ cm.
- ii) The area of square A is _____ square cm.
- iii) The side of square B is _____ cm.
- iv) The area of square B is _____ square cm.

SECTION-B(UNDERSTANDING) -20MARKS

B I. Fill in the blanks.

(6 x 1 =6)

- a) Jammu and Kashmir is located to the _____ of Delhi.
- b) All the faces of a _____ are square in shape.
- c) _____ grams make 1 kilogram.
- d) $700 \div 10 =$ _____
- e) 1 centimetre = $1/100$ of a _____
- f) $\frac{3}{4}$ of a rupee = _____ paise.

B II. Do as directed.

(5 x2 = 10)

a) If 9 five- rupee coins are put in a measuring bottle ,they push up 10 mL of water. Mollie has put some five- rupee coins in the bottle. How many coins has she put in it, if 30 mL water is pushed up ?

b) The school at Malappuram has its sports day. The first five children in the long jump are as follows.

Sheela - 3.50 m Seema - 3.35 m Reema - 4.50 m

Rama - 3.05 m Shiny - 4.05 m

i) _____ is the winner in the long jump.

ii) She jumped _____ cm.

c) A gardener bought 468 mango trees. He wants to plant 15 trees in each row.

How many rows can be made ? How many trees would be left over ?

d) There are 35 laddoos in 1 kg.

i) How many laddoos will be there in 10 kg?



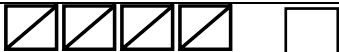
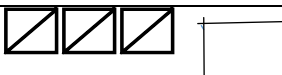

ii) If 25 laddoos can be packed in 1 box, how many boxes are needed to pack all these laddoos ?

e) Add.

$$22.22 + 2.2 + 0.22 + 0.02 = \underline{\hspace{4cm}}$$

B III. Do as directed.**(4)**

The information about the hobbies of some children are collected and shown in the given below table. Look at the table carefully and answer the questions.

Hobbies	Tally Marks	Number
Playing		16
Drawing		25
Reading Comics		24
Singing		17
Dancing		10

- i) _____ is the most popular hobby of children.
- ii) The number of children who like singing is _____ (more / less) than the number of children who like playing.
- iii) The total number of children whose hobbies are reading comics and dancing is _____ .
- iv) _____ is the least popular hobby among children.

SECTION-C (ABILITY TO COMPUTE) –20 MARKS

C I. Choose the correct answer.**(4 x 1 = 4)**

a. If $275 \times 19 = 5225$, then $27.5 \times 1.9 =$ _____
(52.25 0.5225 5.225 522.5)

b. A wire of 20 cm is made in to a rectangle. If 6 cm is the length of the rectangle, then the breadth will be _____ .
(6 sq.cm 36 sq.cm 4 cm 36 cm)

c. Reema wants to stitch a 4 sq.cm decorative piece on one length side of her sari. The length of sari is 5 m . The number of decorative pieces needed to be stitched are _____ .
(500 5 125 250)

d. 10 cubes of side 2 cm length are arranged in a straight line, then the line will be _____ cm long.

(40 20 400 80)

C II. Do as directed.

(6 X 2 = 12)

a. Multiply 165 by 45.

b. A square lawn has a perimeter of 320 m. How much is its area ?

c. A box is 15 cm long , 10 cm wide and 5 cm high. How many 1 cm cubes can be arranged in it without leaving any gap ?

d. Match to the most likely weight.

A. Maths book i. 5000 kg

B. Sack of rice ii. 5 g

C. Strip of tablets iii. 500 g

D. Elephant iv. 50 kg

Answers: - A. _____ B. _____ C. _____ D. _____

e. If Soha's heart beats 72 times in one minute, how many times does it beat in one hour ?

f. Draw a square of area 9 square cm. Write A on it.

C III. Solve

(4)

Rajvi drinks 8 glasses of water every day.

i. How many glasses will she drink in a week? _____

ii. How many glasses will she drink in one month? (1 month = 30 days)

iii. How many glasses will she drink in one year ?

iv. If 100 people living in a colony drink 8 glasses of water in a day ,
how much water will they drink in a week ?

SECTION – D (PROBLEM SOLVING) – 20 MARKS

D I. Write True or False.

(4 x 1 = 4)

- a. 0.1 cm is read as zero one centimetre. _____
- b. 9 marbles push up 90 ml of water in a glass cylinder . The volume of one marble is 10 ml. _____
- c. Abhi has to grow 45 cm more to reach 2 m height .Abhi’s height is 1 m 55 cm . _____
- d. The area of a rectangular photo frame of length 40 cm and breadth 20 cm is 120 square cm. _____

D II. Do as directed.

(6 x 2 = 12)

- a. Leena bought a battery . She read on it ‘ Life: 1800 hours’ . She uses it throughout the day and the night. How many days will the battery run ?
- b.Sanya’s uncle bought a present for her from China. It costs 400 Yuan . Find the cost of present in Indian Rupees. (1 Yuan = Rs 12)

c. Look at the table and answer the following questions.

State	Wages per day (Rs)
Maharashtra	600
West Bengal	80
Bihar	100
Kerala	250

- i. How much more wage does a labourer earn in Maharashtra as compared to West Bengal ?
- ii. If Satish is a labourer of Kerala, then how much would he earn in a week ?

d. A bean plant measured 8.5 cm on Monday. It grew another 0.75 cm on Tuesday. What was its height on Tuesday ?

e. Ravi has Rs 200. How many pens can he buy if the cost of each pen is Rs15 ?
How much money is left with him ?

f. Meghna went for shopping with Rs 500. Look at the bill given below. The shopkeeper forgot to put the points correctly in the places. Put the points in the correct places and find out the total amount of bill.

Item	Quantity	Price (in Rupees)
Soap	1	2 3 5 0
Red gram	1 kg	7 0 0 0
Tea	250 g	5 5 0 0
Cooking oil	1 litre	7 6 0 0
	Total	

D III. Do as directed.

(4)

The temperature of some cities on a particular day are given in the table.
Look at the table and answer the following questions.

City	Temperature at 3 am	Temperature at 3 pm
Mumbai	19.0°C	32.4 °C

Chennai	21.1°C	35.6 °C
Kolkata	13.1°C	30.2 °C
Srinagar	1.3 °C	9.1°C
Jaipur	10.2°C	26.7 °C

i. How much lower is the temperature of Kolkata from that in Mumbai at 3pm?

ii. Which place has the highest temperature at 3 pm ?

iii. Which place has the lowest temperature at 3 am ?

iv. What is the difference between the temperatures at 3 pm and 3 am in Jaipur ?
